# WAR CRY

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE OF THE SALVATION ARMY IN CANADA AND NEWFOUNDLAND.

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WILLIAM BOOTH,

TORONTO, MARCH 18, 1911.

DAVID M. REES, Commissioner. Price 5 Cents



The sight was too much for the tender-hearted girl. Her papers dropped to the floor, and she burst into tears.



### Poverty a Great Teacher.

### An Incident and Some Advice.

An incident and Some Advice.

You have perhaps read something of Dr. Samnet Johnson's great intellectual gifts; his powers of conversation, his wit and wisdom, not to mention his dictionary; but the fact is also recorded that he had often not sufficient money to pay for his diamer. He had to toil ceaselessly at his writings. What for? In order to make posterity—you and me—woader at his ability? Not a bit of it. Simply to earn sufficient money to pay his landlady and discharge his debts at the eating-house. It is generally admitted that had he not been forced to think and write, because of his need for money, he would never have become famous.

No one need ever be ashamed to have it known that he is hard to have it known that he is hard up—provided, of course, that his lack of money is owing to no mismanagement or extravagance. Some of the greatest and most useful men who ever lived have useful men who ever lived have had to work hard for a living, and no money to spare. The farm, the factory, the mine, the blacksmith's forge and the cobbler's stool have each supplied men who have occupied the highest places in the world. Turner, the greatest landscape painter, was one engaged in a barber's shop. Burns, the great Scolch poet, was farm labourer. a farm labourer

is farm labourer.

Histead of saying "All things come to those that wait, we should rather say, "to those that work," Man was made to work, and the Apostle goes so far as to say that "if any would not work, neither should they eat,"—The

### What Rum Cost One Man.

### A Strong Arraignment.

A pitiable instance of how strong drink will drag a man down was furnished a few days ago, when a Salvation Army Of ficer took to Bellevue Hospital as a victim of nephrilis a man of

fifty-five who was penniless, broken, and cast off by his family and friends. This victim of ram is the son of one of the world's most famous men. As a young man he went abroad with his father and met royally. After a colther and met royany. After a col-lege education he was a member of the New York Stock and Pro-duce Exchanges. He was a mem-ber of the most exclusive clubs, and had a wife and four chil-dren. He become included in 2 He became involved in a dren. He became involved in a financial seandal, was for a time in an asylum, and then dropped far down in the social seale. It was impossible for his family to aid him other than to pay his board in places where he could not obtain money or credit. He became familiar to men who free the could be a social seal with the country of the pecame familiar to men who frequent resorts late at night. He was often seen sweeping out saloons, doing errands, happy to acquire liquoe. Disheveled, ragged, unkempt, he was almost un-recognizable. Now he is appar-ently near a panper's grave, And ently near a panpers grave, And he, alas! is but one of the many thousands who go the same car-eer. Can rum have a strenger arraignment?—The Messenger,

### The Lazy Man's Lion.

### Look Out for Him

In the book of Proverts is this verse: "The sluggard saith there is a lion without: I shall be stain in the street." This means that a lazy man did not wish lo go to work, and so pretended that there was a lion in the street, and offered as an exense for not going to work that the fion in the street would kill him if he went out

lo work that the lion in the street would kill him if he went out. It is a fact that every lazy per-son has a lion, that is some ex-cuse for not doing what is asked. A daughter is told to do her piano practice, and exclaims: "Oh, I can'l. It is so cold in the par-lour" (lazy man's lion). A son is asked to wan to the stars for some four (fizy man's hon'). A son is asked to run to the store for an errand, and answers that his shoes hurt his feet when he walks (lazy man's hon'). On Son-day morning he cannot so to the Y. P. niceting because it is raining (lazy man's lion). He cannot study his lessons because his eyes hurt him (lazy man's lion). She cannot cal the crusts of her hread because her gums are sore (lazy man's lion). She cannot

get up in time for breakfast beman's lion).

Look out for the lazy man's lion, that foolish excuse for not doing what we should do!--African Črv.

### Edison's New Worder.

#### Nine Thousand Wasted Experiments.

The latest achievement in connection with electric cars is linked up with the name of Thos. E. Edison, and is one of the most important events of recent years with regard to quick transit. The famous inventor's self-propelling, conduitiess storage battery car has evidently come to slay, and looks likely to evenlually hold-the field against anything that has gone before.

Since its perfection. Mr. Edison's electric battery has given a good account of ilself. Butchers have used it to chop their meat, and its use with automobiles The latest achievement in con-

and its use with automobiles motors) has been most successful. Now the inventor uses it to solve the street car problem. After five years of solid hard work an outlay of 500,000 dollars, in addition to 9.000 wasted exeriments, he has perfected his

But the great scientific culturs. for the great scientific entities nor failures. With regard to the latter, he says he now knows 9,000 things not to do. This in itself is a valuable discovery!

is a valuable discovery!

The feature of the car of which Mr. Edison is said to be most proud is the divided axles, which aflow the wheels separate action. The one-piece axle is the cause of flat wheels, which are responsible for the bumping noise so distressing to the nerves. Where the track rurves one wheel has a greater distance to travel than the other, and as the wheels have the other, and as the wheels have a common axle, and must, there-fore, make the same number of revolutions, the idle one is dragrevolutions, the idle one is drag-ged along the track. This fric-tion not only wears out the wheels, but uses up a great deal of energy. With the wheels roll-ing independently there is no more friction than in the case of an automobile, and consequently no bumping noise,—Brilish So-cial Gazette.

Remember and be slill.

"Pray without ceasing,"

reslless hearl be stiff; don't fred and worry so; God has a thousand ways. His love and help to show: Just lrust, and trust, and frust, until His will you know.

Dear restless heart, he still, for peace is God's own smile; lis love can every wrong and sorrow reconcile; Just love, and love, and love, and calmly wait awhile.

Dear resiless heart, be brave; don't moan and sorrow so: He hath a meaning kind in eatily

winds that blow: Just hope, and hope, and hope, until you braver grow

Dear restless heart, repose upon
His heart an hour;
His heart is strength and Tife,

### Advocate of the Strengers Min

### An Officer's Accomplishments

During the nine months that Adjutant Clifford has been enadjutant Chinord has been engaged in superintending the erection of the new Citadel at Flint we learn, on good authoris, he has been able to accomplish the following, which is only a part of his work: He personally superintended the demolition of the old Hall and supersists. superintended the demolition of the old Hall and salvaged 37,000 bricks for the inside of the new building. He milked the Army cow every morning and evening and personally delivered the milk to sick people; delivered to same; visited at least one sick soddier every day of the year-Sundays included, and often many other people. He visited the heartful prison and inil re-Sundays included, and often many other people. He visited the hospitat, prison, and jail regularly; sat up with several dying men whole nights—often for nights together; financed the Corps and Band without salon assistance, bought about \$1,000 worth of new instruments, and increased the soldiership at least thirty-three per cent above all thirty-three per cenl. above all

losses.

One week's record of visiling included the following patients: Five smallpox, two scarlet fever three measles, one diphthera, three inflammatory rheumatism, and three accident cases, besides ordinary ailments! Iwo funerals, one wedding, and three dedications were conducted.

tions were conducted

He spent six whole nights on
trains on band-business trips;
made upward of one dozen midnight trips on Irains to Detroit
on building business, to save daylight. He has kept up all necessary (but only necessary) correspondence and statistical work of spondence and statistical work of the Corps of 150 soldiers. He has had no janilor most of the time, and no official assistance, except that of Mrs. Clifford, who, with the children and the Adjulant, has had her hands and heart full all the time, in addition to spend ing many hours and days alone, on account of the work.

At present the Adjutant weighs At present the Adjutant weigns about 178 pounds, and, save for a ragged feeling with his nerves, which hangs on him in spite of all he can do, he is otherwise as well as ever in his life.—Ameri-

His heart is bloom and flower; rest. and rest. and rest, within His tender power.

Dear restless heart, he slift; don't

toil and hurry so; is the silent One, forever calm and slow:

Just wail, and wait, and wait, and work will lim below.

Dear resiless heart, be slill; deal struggle to be free; God's life is your life, from Him. you may not flee; Just pray, and pray, and pray, till you have faith to see

Guelph.—Staff-Capt. DesBrissy specialled here on Saturday and Sunday, February 25 and 25. agood week-end, six for consecta-tion, and one volunteer for salva-tion.—G. M.





books written evidently writte the melancholy sinking. As a Society, I cannot we know, more are all degenera that the differe ourselves is one lers in great cillife from Janua of life. The c of life. The creek, and the in unfit, do not gr police rates, live course of our livictims of the creek.

### How The Army'

How many tarily abstained and a night? with energy fro Beofsteak to th Beofsteak to the Elementalism is sense as it was before He prea stupid from was indifferent to the man whi inadvertently a meant, of cours please his mer practical and s fastly refuse to Far Easl "Rice sight into char feed a man no he suffers. Th pease the pany Seeing tha

their personal Peter for cowa The Salvation The Salvation duct than was Christianity w few, and disap The Salvation Uneir Great Id Not only do th their eyes.

### Joyful Sacrifice

The aroma Salvationists of St. Sebastia of St. Bebastia certainly give always strenn-ing, joytul, an-day larger will oath of service earthly bonds.

earthly bonds, alluring chaim 'I have net and purposeful of a British rethe ward room a sense of prower who "play the and above this myster except of the they have transity between them." There is the ristic of There is the summer of this myster except of the they have transity between the offer contrast between the first of There is the summer of the property of the contrast between the contrast between the contrast of the teristic of The teristic of The feel; and feeli Salvation circ engage in no shun controve about creeds

# The Praying League.

General Prayer: "O Lord, be pleased to graciously bless all who are in any trouble, sorrow, or bereavement, and especially need Thy grace and presence and

need thy grace and presence and help at this time."

4. For special blessing and guidance to be given to our Leaders, yea, to all our com-

rades.
2: For great unction lo rest upon all soul-saving effort.
3: Pray for much blessing to rest upon the Commissioner's Eastern compaign.
4: Pray for our beloved General to have strength equal to his

eral to have strength equal to his ardnous efforts.
Sunday, March 19.—Blood of Sprinkling. Exodus xiv::1-18.
Monday, March 20.—The High Priest, Exodus xiv::23; ii::38.
Sodus Xiv::21.—Back to Xiv::41.
Yv, March 22.—Writ-

len by God. Exodus xxii.: 15-31. Thursday, March 29.—God Talks With Moses, Exodus xxx.:

Friday, March 21.—Character of God. Exodus xxxiv.; 5-31. Saturday, March 25.—Willing Givers. Exodus xxxv.; 4-34.

### RESTLESS HEART, DON'T WORRY SO!

"Take no thought for the mor-

"He carell for you." "He leadelh me."

"The lender Shepherd never fails to lead

His fallering streen, till safe within the fold; The trembling one no longer needs to hold."

"For evermore 'at Home."
Oh, sweetest theme of all;
When suffering and Irial seem
thy heart to crush,

## The Staff of The Salvation A

By MR. ARNOLD WHITE.

By MR. ARNO process of the Elernal, and engaged in ceaseless efforts to deal with decay of mind and filth of body, to heal foul disease, and mend backen lives, might be expected to be as gloomy as the Trappists, whose conversation is restricted to an interjection bearing on the brevity of this mortal tife. A few books written about The Salvation Army's Social Work were evidently written under a sense of the depression arising from the melancholy sleugh into which human nature is capable of sinking. As a member of the Council of the Engenies Education Society, I cannot forget that if one sociological truth is, so far as we know, more completely established than another, it is that we are all degenerates. If we are honest with ourselves, we know that the difference between the mudlark of the Thames flats and ourselves is one of degree, not of kind. We all fall short. Dwelters in great cities who lead a comfortable, but highly artificial, life from January to December are apt to forget the elementals of life. The enumulative effects of the desire to survive, hunger, sex, and the indifference of Nature's laws to the sufferings of the unfit, do not greatly affect the average man. Few of us who pay police rates, live well, and lie soft, lonch the elemental in the course of our lives. The clients of The Salvation Army are the victims of the elemental. victims of the elemental,

### How The Army's " Clients" are Dealt with.

How The Army's "Clients" are Dealt with.

How many persons who read these lines have ever involuntarily abstained from food for forty-eight hours or even for a day and a night? Unless the engine-room of the body is supplied with energy from food, the machinery of the soul cannot work. Beefsteak to the starving is more to them than joy for elemity. Elementalism is understood by The Salvation Army in the same sense as it was understood by the Christ. He fed the multifude hefore He preached to them. So does The Army, Hungry people, stupid from want, seek first the bread they crave, and if they are indifferent to the Great Idea, who can wonder? Sympathy is doe to the man who, when asked why he came to the penitent-form, inadvertently answered, "To avoid infernal punishment." He meant, of course to say, like an Oriental, what he thought would please his mentor—"elemal punishment." but his answer was practical and sound. The Salvationists, however, net only stead-fastly refuse to make what are called in Missionary circles of the Far East "Rice Christians," but their braining gives them an insight mot character and motive which none may gainsay. They feed a man not only in the hope of saving his soul, but because he suffers. They reject as a Convert anyone who seeks to appease the pangs of want by the acceptance of a creed.

Seeing that 17 per cent, of the Apostles were disqualified by their personal conduct for good society—Indas for treachery, and Peter for cowardice—is it reasonable to expert the proleges of The Salvation Army to develop a higher slandard of average condict than was found among the little band to whom the future of Christianity was committed by its Founder? Backsliders are not lew, and disappointments are many and bitter, but the Staff of The Salvation Army treats these phenomena with philosophy. Their Great Idea sustains them in the resolve uver to despair, Vet only do they clude dejection, but a strange joy is visible in their eyes.

### Joyful Sacrifice and Service.

The aroma of cant is as manislakable as the seent of gartic, but there is no cant discoverable in this almosphere of happiness, Salvationists do not pose as smiling saints of the irritating type of St. Sebastian, with an arrow piercing each vital part. But they certainly give one the impression of peuple whose lives, though always strenuous and sometimes near to martyrdom, are salisfying, joydu, and complete. No agreement keeps a Salvationist one day Enger with The Army than he chooses. While he takes an oath of service for life, he is free to go at will. Held by no earthly bonds, his continuance in the service is evidence of its alluring charm.

1 have never met anything quite like this atmosphere of quiet

cartnly bonds, his continuance in the service is evidence of its alluring charm.

I have never net anything quite like this atmosphere of quiet and purposeful joy, except once among the officers of a battation of a British regiment about to terve for active service and in the ward-rooms of two of His Majesty's ships. Intense effort, with a sense of progress successfully exerted in the company of others who "play the game," is my conception of happiness. Beyond and alleve this, however, in The Salvation Army is a sense of what Laurence Oliphant termed "other-worldlusess." The myster of this mysterions peace—not complarency—cannot be explained except, on their own theory—that stricing for no earthly prize, they have travelled some way towards heavenly reward. We all know the offensive type of holiness in people that exults in the contrast between the sins of others and their own spotless contition. There is nothing of this sort in the quiet buoyancy characteristic of The Salvation Army. The charity that they teach they sense affecting, practise, One saldom meets the theologian in Salvation-circles. Salvationists feel; and feeling, practise. One Salvation circles. Salvationists

engage in no scholastic disputes: shun controversy: never wrangle about creeds, or contest the about creeds, or contest

ground of other men's faith. Knowing that religious opinions, as well as empires, are subject to revolutions, they shun a wrangle with sectarians, and never reflect on the churches, either Established or Free.

With the Staff of The Salvation Army the Narrow Way is not

With the Staff of The Salvation Army the Narrow Way is not a path to the House of Lords. Neither do they seek, like many religious teachers, to exercise sway over the people by entering the dusty arena of party polities. In the fourteen years that have clapsed since I was last brought closely in contact with the Staff of The Salvation Army, a noticeable change has taken place in their outlook on their work in the world. They have broadened and deepened. No longer are they accurately described as leaders of a seel. They are men, with the wide and placid outlook of those who see things in the dry light of reason, and this notwithstanding the practical identity of some of their aims with the aims of one or both of the political Parties of the day. Here, for instance, is an example of statesmanship as applied to the drink problem, now a burning question in polities. On the accession of the present Government to office, it was committed to drastic legislation designed to reduce the eviis of the drink traffle. Since those evils are amongst the chief obstacles to the success of The Salvation Army, it occurred to many sound temperance reformers that the Army might fairly be expected to sign petitions in favour of Government Measures on Licensing. Reform, and to give whole-hearted support to that Party which is committed to the policy of abaling the power of the waste-making tyranny of drink. As a political asset The Salvation Army is of considerable value to either Front Bench.

The General Staff of The Salvation Army, however, considered the question of participating in political temperance in the light of the Great Idea, and having duly considered it, they expressed themselves as both musble and unwilling to take any part in the pollitical campaign for temperance reform. This refusal surprised and dismayed some of their warnest supporters, who

pressed themselves as both unable and unwilling to take any part in the political campaign for temperature reform. This refusal surprised and dismaved some of their warmest supporters, who know the worth of The Salvation Army to any political party. When, however, the reason for the refusal to become a pawn or even a knight in the Party game becomes known, the decision arrived at must command the approhistion of true temperance reformers and sound Partymen alike.

### The Great Idea: and What Adherence to it has Meant.

The Great Idea: and What Adherence to it has Meant.

At the present time some 15,000 Salvationists carry the Great Idea into the public-houses weekly. They sell The Army's newspapers, and plead with drinkers and publicans alike in the eause of Iemperance. These people meet with occasional violence, rudeness, and insult, but the cumulative effect of their continuous and self-denying labours is that they are generally received with respect, where a Carrie, Nation or a political temperance emissary would be "fired" by the "chucker-out" into the street. Their gentleness and sincerity, their self-denial and courage, exercised without thirst for notoriety or reward, have already achieved a measure of success which cannot be measured by statistics. As Archbishop Whateley said, "What is hit is history, and what is missed is mystery"; but there is no shadow of doubt that the publicans, who have children to feed, clothe, and educate no less than the most ardent temperance advocates, would never allow the fighting division of 15,000 brave men and women to continue their public mission inside their establishments if the heads of The Salvation Army had abandoned the simple methods of the Great Idea in order to enter the foul atmosphery of Party polities.

simple methods of the oreal toda in order to either the tom atmosphere of Party politics.

Nobody can say that The Salvation Army is less sensitive to the evil results of excess in the use of alcohol than their political critics, or that their sacrifices have been less. The only point, therefore, remaining for decision is whether the withdrawal of 5.400 missionaries of temperance, burning with well-directed zeal, was worth while in order to serve the ends of politicians.

directed zeal, was worth while in order to serve the ends of politicians.

If the Staff of The Salvation Army have shown themselves capable administrators in big things, their knowledge of human nature stands them in good stead in dealing with little ones. Hunger is no less the recruiting sergeant of The Salvation Army's Social Institutions than of the Brilish army—where 90 per cent. of the culistments are due to unemployment. When people are really hungry the desire to survive often encourages meditated inaccuracy, and sometimes stimulates the famished body to stimulate concern about the soul. But any pretence of conversion is unickly exposed by the experienced Officers of The Army, because their system requires immediate and prolonged effort by the rescued on behalf of themselves. Humbug is pierced with the spear of the Salvationist Ithuriet by the happy-faced and efficient administrators of Shelters, Homes, Elevators, and Metropoles.

When, reluctantly, I undertook the writing of this Book, Jected to find myself ont of louch with the Staff of The Salvation Army in respect of the treatment of a large class of people who seek help from any source but that of their own exertions. The phrase "sterilization of the unfit," for which I was first respected to be anotherna to The peoted to be anotherna to The peoted to be anotherna to The peoted to be anotherna to The

pected to be anathema to The (Continued on Page Fourteen.)

### The Curse of his Life.

### AND HOW A CORPS-CADET'S T EARS AND SYMPATHY HELPED HIM TO BREAK AWAY FROM IT.



EORGE R was the

EORGE R— was the greatest drunkard in town. Many were that stories told of his cruellies to wife and when maddened with drink, but the worst deed of all was when he dragged his wife from her bed and drove her out of doors on a bitter winter's night. As a result of the exposure the poor warm died two of doors on a bitter winter's night. As a result of the exposure the poor woman died two days later. This dreadful climax to his misdeeds did not cause decrease to give up the drink though. On the contrary, he became worse than before.

Had there been only himself to consider, his condition would have been pitiable enough, but there were four children who suffered through his intemperance. Poor little things, deprived suddenly of a mother's love and care and neglected by a brutal and in-

and neglected by a brutal and in-human father, what chance had they of growing up pure and good?

death George staggered into a Salvation Army Hall in a state of drunkenness. The Captain, who knew his sad history, left the platform and went to speak to him.

"Won't you come and get saved?" she urged. "God will help you to give up the drink, which is cursing your life."
George laughed aloud. Then rising to his feet and speaking in a tone which was heard all over the building, he said: "Not tonight," Captain. Some other night."

night."
Still laughing he went out into the street. Soon he reached the miserable place he called home. The children, ragged and dirty and quarretsome, fled at his approach and hid themselves in an upstairs room. They knew by hitter experience that they were only an aggravation to him and would get nothing but kicks and cuffs. if they remained within sight.

George sat down moodily on a

George sat down moodily on a the room. Everything was disorderly. The fire in the stove had gone out, and the ashes were strewn about as if the children strewn about as if the children had been throwing them at each other. A frying pan, thickly coated with various sorts of grease was lying on top of the stove, dirty dishes, knives, and forks were scattered about on the table, and through a broken window pane came a cold blast of night air. It was a dismal and comfortless place, and George seemed to less place, and George see realize it as never before.

As he sat there looking at the ruins of a home that had once been so neat and tidy he cursed himself as the author of it all.

Then the words of the Army Captain rang again in his ears: "God will help you to give up the drink; which is cursing your life."

In that hour the Spirit of God strove and prevailed with the drunkard. He resolved to become orunary, he resolved to become
a sober and God-fearing man and
to help him keep that resolve he
went to the Army Hall next night
and knelt at the penitent-form,
thus making a public confession
and renunciation of sin.

Many years of faithful service

in the ranks of The Salvation Army won for George the respect of his fellow-townsmen and the confidence of his comrades in the confidence of his comrades in the Army. He was made Sergeant-Major of the Corps, and became very useful in leading on the soldiers to the rescue of other souls. Week after week, in the open-air and in the Hall, he was ever ready to tell of what God had done for him, and his enthusiasm and faith wonderfully helped the young converts and made a deep oung converts and made a deep mpression on the unconverted.

But at home George's faith was severely tried. His children, now severely tried. His children, now grown up, were as a thorn in his flesh. All of them were as wicked as the sons of Eli, and their poor, repentant father found himself powerless to restrain them. They mocked at him on account of his religion, and in their drunkenness taunted him with his past evil deeds. "As a man sows so shall he reap." He realized now, too late, that the Devil had got ahead of him in the training of his children. During those hideous years of drunkenness and neglect, seeds had been sown in their young hearts which had and neglect, seeds had been sown in their young hearts which had now sprung up into an evil crop indeed. Oh, if he could only live lhose years over again! How different it would all be. Trained in the fear of God, his children would have been loved and respected in the town for their would have been loved and respected in the lown for their worth and character. As it was they were practically outcasts, shunned by all bull the lowest of the low. Oh, bitterness of fate, on inner by an analysis of the low. Oh, bitterness of the low on inevitable consequence wrong-doing, oh sure result sowing wild oats!

For several years George hore his Irials with meekness, seeking consolation in prayer, and be-seeching God continually to have mercy on his children.

But there came a sad day when George gave up praying and turned once again to the liquor that had cursed his former life, killed his wife, and ruined his children.

It was unendurable, he said, to witness the degradation of his witness the degradation of his sons and daughters, and to daily put up with their mockery. So the foolish man forsook God at a time when he should have held on more desperately and wrestled for the victory. Poor George! Worse still, his fall led to the Color-Sergeant of the Corps taking to drink once more.

Several months after the two

Several months after the two locals had backslidden, a Corps Cadet was on her War Cry round one afternoon when she entered a bar-room, where the two men in question stood talking and drinking together. The sight was too much for the tender-hearted girl. Her papers dropped to the floor, and she burst into tears.

"Hutlo! what's the matter with you?" called out the bar-tender.

"Oh," said the Corps Cadet be-tween her sobs. "I'm so sorry to see our old Sergeant-Major and Color-Sergeant in a place like

George turned crimson with shame, while a tear stole down the ex-Color-Sergeant's face. Both men put their glasses down on the counter, the contents un-

"Don't cry for me, lassie," said George, feeling that it was up to

him to make some sort-of-a re-mark.
"How can I help it," said the

"How can't help it?" said the Corps Cadet, wiping her eyes "It's enough to make any girl cry to see you going back to the drink again. I've heard mother tell of what you were before you joined the Army, and all through drink; too. Oh, how could you ever touch it any more?"

drink, too. On, now cound you care touch it any more?"

"Lassie, 1'll never touch another drop," said George.
"Nor me either," said the ex-Color-Sergeant. Then the two men started to leave the saloon. The Corps Cadet laid her hand on George's arm. "You can't keep that resolution in your own strength," she said, "Come to the meeting and get right with God again—and you too," she added, addressing the ex-Color Sergeant.

Both men said they would come, and, feeling very happy at her success, the little Corps Cadet marched off up the street be-

ner success, the little corps Cadet marched off up the street between them. She was quite excited by the time they reached the Hall, and as soon as the two men had cutered and sat down near the back, she hastened to men had cittered and sat down near the back, she hastened to the Captain and told her that the ex-Sergeant-Major and Color-Sergeant were in the meeting, and had promised to get saved that

night.
The Captain at once went down and invited the two men to come to the mercy-seat there and then. As they watked forward loud Hallehijahs arose from the soldiers, but when they knelt at the merry-seat a flood of emotion swept over the people present and many wept for sheer joy at such a lovely sight. Between the two burly men knelt the little Corps Cadet, mingling her lears with those of the penitents. But this time she cried through happiness at their surrender and not through grief at their misdeeds. When they had made their peace with God and risen to their feet to testify, George slooped watked forward loud

fect to testify, George slooped down and kissed the Corps Cadet on the cheek. "God bless this lit-tle lassie," he said. "It is through her that I am back in the fold once more."

Next time the Corps Cadel went to the saloon to sell her papers the bar-tender remarked that she that spoiling his trade. But all the same he gave her three dol-lars to put in the collection and told her to come as often as she

Orillia Band is doing well under the leadership of Bandmaster Gross. The music they play is enjoyed, for "it just touches the spot." The people of the town appreciate the Band very much. The men are good soldiers apart from being good musicians. One or two tenor players would be heartily welcome just now. come just now.

Vernon Band. — Bandmaster Phillips is away at the coast. He has been there for some time; so our little Band has been without a leader. But Treasurer M. Mitchell, who blows the bass (which, by the way, is a new four-valve instrument which arrived from Headquarters some time ago) is frying to keep the Band going ahead. He has six learners coming on. A bonnie Scotch lassie is doing well on the second cornet. We recently had a commissioning of Locals and Bandsmen. Residence with a second corner of the second corner of the second corner.

inforcements are expected to arrive very soon.—Cousin Jack,



Publication-Sergt. H. Warder, of Hamilton, Bermuda,
"For three years," writes a correspondent, "it has been his joy,
to boom the War Cry. Brother
Warder has been a great help
also during special efforts."

### Band Chat.

The Winnipeg Citadel Band visited Fernie, where it received a hearty welcome. Two pro-grammes of music and song were grammes of music and song were given in the Methodist Church. The first programme (on February 25) included "Consolation" and "Rock No. 1t," selections, "Proclamation" and "Austria" marches. The Band also gave two vocal selections.

The Sunday afternoon's programme included "Songs of Heaven No. 1." and "Fight" selections. The massed hands played

tions. The massed bands played the "Victory" march. Every thing went off in first-class slyle.—S. L.

The meetings at. Oshawa on Saturday and Sunday, February 25 and 20, were led by the Band, under. Bandmaster Fred Gulvert The Bandsmen rallied well and worked hard. A very pleasing event of the week-end was the welcome of Bandsman Belts, late of Niagara Falls. This comrade has taken up 2nd baritone. An order has been placed with Headquacters for the latest music and in future we shall be handling the journals as they are published.—Band Corr.

Saturday, Sunday, and Monday, February 25, 26, and 27, was Songster week-end at Peterboro. On Sunday afternoon a musical meeting was given by the Songsters, assisted by the Band. Several vocal selections were well received, also the combined march by the Songsters and Band, the latter playing the accompaniment. The Band gave the people something worth lismand, the latter playing the ac-compariment. The Band gave the people something worth lis-tening to by playing "Great Mas-ters I., II., and III." Monday night's meeting was in the form of a service of song en-titled "Singing Jim."—F. W. R.

Major Miller, the architect, recently visited Petrolea, where many years ago he had his District Headquarters. There was no sign of a Band at the Corps at that period in its history, but when the Major was there on Monday (27th Feb.) he beheld a Band of eighteen players on the platform. Most of the Bandsmen (says the Major) have come up from the Junior ranks—they all seem to be young men—and they play very well indeed. Bandmater Clark (late of Stratford, Onties their leader. Adjutant Knight, the C. O., is numbered among the Bandsmen.

A Great Engineerin

March 18, 1911.

The boring of tunnel through (mountain chair (mointain chair and Spain). is i 'Al' the beginnin '43 7 kilometres. cent. of the total bored. It is s parties can hea work. The abov melliod of or Part of the gaupper gallery, by other worke the tunnel to th On the north s On the north sthere has been ing the last fe temperature of the south side considerable. I still boring the variety of grantern granite, where so known and the proper from the proper from the proper street in the proper more favour stretches of me of which sevel in the tunnel, north side, for ite costs consider in dynamite at than the limes repair when th

American Co-ope waterway. An American

cently propose States should Canada for the deep waterway Lakes to the the St. Lawre ocean ports of countries, and rates to the the people of It is claime tages of such a

universal. Evi will receive a it. When Du Port Arthur a ronto, all are c enjoy the rate ter which this it requires lit dustrial boom receive, and re In speaking operation, Se send of Michi "I cannot to importance o

than sixty ye time when Canada and were friendly ate enough to city treaty, a rangement h dian canals to canals, then mands, are no lete. But no more years, v taate for our mark me, if advantage of may be sixty we have ano

Keep Sabbath Speaking rathe Rev. Will warned his l

A Great Engineering Feat.

A Great Engineering Feat.

The boring of the Loetsehberg tunnel through the Pyrenees (mountain chain between France and Spain). is nearly completed. At the beginning of this month 43 78 kilometres, or nearly 95 per cent, of the total length, had been bored. It is said that the two parties can hear one another at work. The above view shows the method of cutting employed. Part of the gang work in an upper gallery, and are followed by other workers who cut down the bunnel to the required depth. On the north side of the tunnet there has been little change during the last few months in the temperature of the rocks. On the south side of the tunnet there has been little change during the last few months in the temperature of the rocks. On the south side the teat is still considerable. Both parties are still bering through the peculiar variety of granite known as Geslern granite, which is extremely last. Nevertheless, the engineers look upon this granite with more favour than upon the stretches of mountain limestone, of which several have occurred in the tunnel, especially on the north side, for although the granite roots considerably more, both in dynamite and time, to pierce than the limestone, it will also cost appreciably tess to keep in repair when the tunnet is in use.

#### American Co-operation for deep waterway.

American Co-operation for deep waterway.

An American Congressman recently proposed that the United States should co-operate with Canada for the construction of a deep waterway from the Great Lakes to the Atlantic Ocean via the St. Lawrence. Hus making organ ports of lake cities in both countries, and reducing freight rates to the great advantage of the people of the interior.

It is calaimed that the advantages of such a waterway will be universal. Every line of business will receive a great impetus from it. When Duluth and Chicago, Port Arthur and Detroit, Toledo and Cleveland, Buffalo and Toronto, alt are ocean ports, and alt cujoy the rates by land and water which this will bring to them, it requires little imagination to distriat beom these places will receive and precive and precipitation and precipital process and precipital proces

of requires inthe imagination to ferenast the commercial and industriat below these places will receive, and receive at once.

In speaking of the proposed cooperation, Senator-elect Townsend of Michigan, says:

"I cannot too strongly state the importance of this. It is more than sixty years since the last time when relations between Canada and the United Slates were friendly enough and inlimate enough to negotiate a reciprocity treaty, and with it an arrangement by which American vessels secured the use of Canadian canals to the sea. Those canals, then sufficient for all demands, are now practically obsoletic. But now, after sixty or niore years, we again have reached. more years, we again have reached a point where we can nego-tiate for our mutuat benefit, and, mark me, if we do not now take advantage of the opportunity it may be sixty years more before we have another.

### Keep Sabbath Holy.

Speaking recently in Toronto, the Rev. Williamson of St. Louis warned his hearers to beware of



BORING THE LOETSCHBERG TUNNEL-APPROACHING JUNC-TION OF THE TWO SECTIONS.



A SIGHT WHICH WOULD HAVE THRILLED GALILEO.

A SIGHT WHICH WOLLD HAVE THRILLED GALILEO.

Recently a skilful aviator of Bologna, flew from the Hippodrome of San Rossore near Pisa to the famous leaning tower of Pisa. The above picture was taken while he was turning just above the tower. Spectators can be seen in the act of cheering from the upper galleries, from which Galileo made the famous tests with falling bodies, proving that globes of different, weights, reached the ground at the same moment.

those influences which were making for the neglect of the Sab-bath. He said:

"The Sabbath as you have it "The Sabbath as you have it in Canada is something we have not got across the line, and 'I warn you to beware of the in-fluence of the foreigner to break it down. Our task is to get it back, and this task is the greatest problem the religious bodies of the United States have to face."

God has bidden us to keep hoty the Sababth day, and it is a sad thing for individuals and nations as well when they negter to keep this commandment.

### Record of National Prosperity.

The Canadian Budget for the past year, which will shortly be presented to Parliament, is ex-

past year, which will shortly be presented to Parliament, is expected to reveat a wonderfully satisfactory story of financial administration.

According to present indications, the surplus of revenue over all expenditure on consolidated fund account should be in the neighbourhood of thirty millions, or len millions ahead of tast year's high record.

Hon. Mr. Fielding will be able to show that every item of capital expenditure for public works, etc. has been met out of revenue, and nearly the whole of the year's expenditure of about \$25,000.000 on the National Transcontinental Railway as well.

For the eleven months of the fiscal year the revenue has totalled \$104.302.705, which is an increase of \$14.618.255 over the corresponding eleven months of 1909-10, and nearly three millions more than for the whole of the preceding fiscal year.

For the whole of the present

preceding fiscal year.
For the whole of the present year it is estimated that the total revenue will run close to \$117,-

Expenditure will probably be about \$86,000,000.

### American Immigrants.

A very great change in the nationality of the immigrants coming into the United States has taken place in the last thirty years, according to a writer in the New York Independent. From the middle of tast century down to 1885, immigration was atmost enlirely from Engtand, Ireland, Germany, Norway, and Sweden. The immigration from Austria-Hungary, Haly, and Russia combined was in that year less than half as great, as that from Germany atone. Since that from Germany atone. Since that from the minigration from the north-western countries of Europe has declined, while that from the south-western portion has greatly increased. In 1910 the immigration from Anstria-Hungary, Italy, and Russia was more than twenty times as great as the combined immigration from England, Ireland, Germany, Norway, and Sweden, In 1880 Ireland sent by far, the largest proportion of immigrants, according to area, of any country in Europe. In 1910 Ireland had receded to third or fourth place in that respect, while Italy, takes front rank.

### **OUR SERIAL STORY.**

#### Active Service.

### Or, WAR MEMORIES OF A VETERAN IN TWO ARNIES.

CHAPTER XI.

#### A SIDELIGHT ON WAR'S HARDSHIPS.

HARDSHIPS.

It was near the close of a hot sultry day in the Crimea. For twenty-four hours a sergeant of the 72nd, Lance-Corporal Jim Liddle, and twelve privates had done guard duty at the Cave Magazine. They were tired and thirsty—desperately thirsty—and many were the anxious glances cast down the road leading towards the camp as the hour for their relief drew near.

"Strange thing that no one has come to relieve us," said the sergeant, who had been restlessly pacing up and down the guardhouse floor for the last half hour. "Looks as if they've forgotten all about us," said Jim.

"By jove, I hope not, said the sergeant. "We can't stay here all night for the men are half crazy with thirst now, and I don't know what they'll do before morning." "Shall thy and get some

morning."
"Shall I try and get some water from the trenches?" said

Jim. "Well, you can try, but I doubt

water from the trenches?" said Jim.

"Well, you can try, but I doubt whether you'll find any." said the sergeant. "Anyhow, take two men with you and get all your water bottles filled if you can." So the three started out for the trenches. The prospects of their obtaining what they sought. however, were slight, for water was a very scarce commodity in the Crimea in those days. For many months scarcely any rain had fallen to fill the wells and watercourses, and the Allied Army lay gasping and sweltering in the heat like some great monster with 200,000 months and stomachs. In many places the only water that was obtainable was muddy and ill-smelling, and in some instances even this was tainted with the soapsuds that were made by soldiers washing themselves and their clethes a little higher up the stream. Still it was guiped down in thankfulness, for anything is better than a torturing thirst.

When Jim and his two companions reached the trenches they searched eagerly for water, but found none. The precious, life-giving fluid was supplied to the troops in tins, which were sunk in the ground at intervals along the trenches, but although the three soldiers walked a long way as peered in every tin, all they could collect was a quantity of moist mud in which little red worms wriggled about. They filled their bottles with this nauscous stuff, however, and started back.

cous stuff, however, and started

"What luck lads?" asked the Sergeant as they entered the guardhouse.

For answer Jim handed him

the bottles.

"Ugh! pretty nasty looking tack." he said, "but I suppose we must drink it or go thirsty."

"How are we going to drink that!" asked Jim. "If you'd said chew it now it would have been nearer the point."

"Oh. Pil show you," said the sergeant, and producing his handkerchief, the only one in the

whole crowd, by the way, he spread it over a canteen and told Jim to pour the contents of the bottles over it.

"Oh, I see; you're going to filter it, eh?" said Jim. "I savvy," and he started to pour the slumy mass into the handkerchief. Soon a welcome drip-drip-drip was heard—the sound of water falling on lin. In this manner they squeezed about a quart of water out of the mud, not very whole-some-looking stuff it is true, but yet welcome to the thirst-tortured men. But what was a quart of water amongst fourteen men. "Why, I could drink that lot

do, sergeant, that there'd be LIPPINCOTI STREET BOOMES trouble if I did that," said Jim.
"But what if I promise to take the responsibility," said the sergeant. "Oh. well, if you'll square the

Our termaster to-morrow I've no objection," said Jim, and so saying he handed over the run which he had carried in his water bottle for the last 24 hours, in

spite of his raging thirst.

The rum was then mixed with
the chocolate-coloured water and
shared out carefully between the

By this time the sun had near-ly set and yet there was no sign

of a relief.
"Liddle, I think you had better so and find the commander of the trenches and tell him that the Cave Magazine guard hasn't been relieved yet," said the sergeant. Jim started off on this fresh er-

Guard not relieved, why how's at? They shall be relieved at

Special War Cry.

The photograph of a group of War Cry sellers reproduced in our pages this week is that of the Lippincott Brigade, which sold seven hundred and fifty Christmas War Crys. The Corps had about the largest supply in the city—1,200, but this venture did not stagger the faith of the Boomers, at least four of whom were unable to be present when the photograph was taken.

Almost all the booming was done by the house-to-house method, there being but one, perhaps two, saloons in the Lippincott district. Several of the boomers returned to Staff-Captain Goodwin for second supplies when they had sold their first.

The Corps takes 300 "Crys"

What They Did With the Last Special War Cry.

The Corps takes 300 "Crys" every week, and has no trouble in the sales. May they increase—so prays the Editor. God bless Lippincott's War Cry sellers!



### At St. John L. (N.B.) Ensign Urquhart Gives Programme, |

We have been putting forth a very special effort to clear off a liability on the Corps.
On Monday night, the 27th iast, Ensign Urquharl gave a very special musical entertainment. The programme consisted of sections on the value of sections on the value of sections. lections on the xylophone, bank, aluminum chimes, ocarina, fairy bells, cornet, violin, etc. The Citadel was taxed to its utmost capacity, and every one fully enjoyed themselves. The Eosign capacily, and every one fully enjoyed themselves. The Easign was assisted by Mrs. Brigadier, Adby, Adjutant and Mrs. Carler, Captain Stewart, the No. I. Songsters, and Bro. Frieze from No. II. Adjutant Carter prasided.

From every stampoint the meeting was a lunge success, Several comrades put forth a very special effort in disposing of the tickels, amongst these being Sis-

special chort in displaying in the lickets, amongst these being Sis-ter Mrs. Marshall, who got rid of two hundred and fifty, and Bro, George Glover, who displayed of one hundred. Seventy-three del-

one hundred. Seventy-three dollars was realized.

Since Ensign Uraphart has taken charge of the Corps the congregations have increased, and a number of souls have knelt at the mercy-seat, and are now taking their stand as soldiers of the Corps. Lieut, Pace is assisting the Ensign, Mrs. Urquhard not being able to be with him on acbeing able to be with him on account of indifferent health.—Sma-

# SOME OF LIPPINCOTT STREET'S BOOMERS. Top Row (left to right).—Sergt. M. Lepphurd; Candidate Huband, Top flow (left to right).—Sergi. M. Lepphuru; Candidate ridband, Sergeant Hammond. Middle Row.—Sister Lascelles, Captain Maisey, and Staff-Captain Goodwin (Officers in charge); Sergeant Jackson. In Front.—Bro. E. Wicksey, C.-C. Charles Roberts, Several comrades were absent when photo was taken.

myself and still want another lot like it," said the sergeant.

Then one of the men whispered in the sergeant's ear. "Eh! what's that! Liddle's got

"Eh! what's that! Liddle's got the squad rum?"
"Yes, sergeant," said Jim. "I'm orderly corporal this week, you know, and have to draw all the men's rations."
"Oh, I see, and owing to you're being on guard the poor beggars had to go without it to-day."
"Yes, that's it," said Jim.
The screent thought for a moment or two.
"What do you say to mixing it

"What do you say to mixing it with this water," he said at length, "and sharing it out between the guard."

"Well, you know as well as I

once. Sergeant-Major, send a party to the relief of the Cave Magazine guard at once." So spoke the commander of the trenches on receiving Jim's mes-

sage.

The sun had gone down, however, before the relieved guard marched into camp.

Next day there was an enquiry as to the disappearance of the squad's rum, and the sergeant got reprimended for his conduct.

(To be continued.)

St. Stephen, N.B.—On Sunday night, Feb. 19, we had an enroll-ment of recruits, and at the close of the service two souls surren-dered to God, afterwards testifying to the knowledge of sins for-given.—Cadet Steeves.

### REMARKABLE DAY AT BARRIE

### Juniors Show the Way.

We had a wonderful day here yesterday (Feh. 20). It was as ifthe "rally-round-the-fiag" on the previous Sunday on the occasion of our memorial service for our late Sergeant-Major was already bearing fruit.

In the afternoon five souls came weeping to the cross, four of whom were Juniors who had just come through Sunday school. Then at night two more Juniors, came. We had a visit from our full-blooded redskin brother from Rama and his quaint innocents. nul-Diooded redskin brother from Rama and his quaint innocent and intelligent testimony and song excel that of many a white seldier. Brother Seth Ramm, of Wilkie, Sask, Arewelled for his home.—M. Rid, Corps Corr.

### March 18, 1911. WINNIPEG BA

ROYAL WELC COUVER-OV AUDI

> (By-Vancou

The Winnipe acquitting them did fashion at were royally w couver Bandsm and entertained

and entertained the former. The of music of the captivated ever night's festival excellent. Sunday's men niteent. Halls service. The taken for the af nieetings. We to close the 17.40. A great was unable to Nineteen souls

Ninetcen souls On Monday to New Westmins New Westmins the festival wa To-night the plays in Larson Vancouver. Ad Bandmaster No men doing fine Majo

The Winnipe strong, with as leader, let night, Februar through the No through the No cific Provinces cert was give who showed t by giving \$100 velling expens After the serv fee were serv Band proceede that had becamidst the bes amidst the be-sweethearts, fa who had asse pulled out on ward. The Ba fortably fixed not much slee not much sleenight—they we for that. No breakfast and Bible reading lowed by dispecting, and nected with writer is the characteristics. boys are satisf arc, but he ha

was always a than cook.

At Moose J ped for twent boys made the in cheering up inhabitants of with their ma with their m crowded roun showed their giving us a r tion. The bo-for one thing the record op our last tri Moose Jaw were Ensign S tain McLenna Delamont, I

Delamont, boys uttered lows: "Ran.
Who a
We are the h
Are
Well,

Winnipeg!-Yes! We took branch of th

the wee sma February 24, first stopping Our old fr Mrs. Laidlaw (Centinued

had the did the

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### WINNIPEG BAND ON TOUR.

ROYAL WELCOME AT VAN-COUVER-OVERWHELMING AUDIENCES.

(By Wire.) Vancouver, March 7th.

The Winnipeg Bandsmen are acquitting themselves in splendid fashion at the Coast. They were royally welcomed by Vancouver Bandsmen and Soldiers, and entertained at luncheon by conver manusmen and soldiers, and entertained at luncheon by the former. The stirring strains of music of the visiting Band captivated everybody. Saturday night's festival in the Citadel was excellent

excellent.
Sunday's meetings were magnificent. Halls crowded at every service. The Opera House was taken for the afternoon and night meetings. We were compelled to close the doors at night at 7.40. A great crowd of people was anable to gain admittance. Nineteen souls for the day.

On Monday the Opera House at New Westminster was filled, and the festival was a great success.

New Westminster was filled, and the festival was a great success. To-night the Winnipeg Band plays in Larson's Pavillion. North Vancouver. Adjutant McElheney, Bandmaster Newman, and Bands-men doing fine.

Major Frank Morris.

The Winnipeg Citadal Band 31

men doing fine.

Major Frank Morris.

The Winnipeg Citadel Band, 31 strong, with Adji. McElheney as leader, left on Wednesday night, February 22. for a tour through the North-West and Pacific Provinces. A farewell concert was given to an a sence who showed their appreciation by giving \$100 towards the travelling expenses of the Band. After the service eakes and coffee were served, and then the Band proceeded to the tourist car that had been provided, and amidst the best wishes of wives, sweethearls, fathers, and friends who had assembled, the train pulled ont on its journey westward. The Bandsmen were comfortably fixed up, but there was not much sleep during the first night—they were too frediesome for that. Next day between breakfast and dinner there was Bible reading and prayer, followed by dish-washing, polatebreakfast and dinner there was Bible reading and prayer, fol-lowed by dish-washing, potato-peeling, and other duties cou-nected with the meals. The writer is the cook. He hopes the boys are satisfied. They say they are, but he has his doubts, as he was always a much better cater was always a much better cater cook. Moose Jaw the train stop-

than cook.

At Moose Jaw the train stopned for twenty minutes, and the
boys made the most of the time
in chering up the comrades and
inhabitants of this western city
with their music. The people
crowded round in great style and
showed their appreciation by
giving us a rattling good collection. The hoys love Moose Jaw;
for one thing this city gave us
the record open-air collection on
our last trip. Amongst our
Moose. Jaw comrades present
wereEmsign Sheppard and Captain McLennan; also Bandmaster
Delamont. Before leaving the
hoys uttered their slogan as follows:

lows:

"Rah! Rah! Rah!

Who are we?

We are the boys of the W.S.B.!

Are we in it?

Well, I guess!

Winnipeg!—Winnipeg!!

Yes! Yes! Yes!"

We took the Crow's Nest branch of the C. P. R., and in the wee sma' oors of Thursday, February 24, we reached our first throning along Tethinder first stopping place. Lethbridge.
Our old friends, Ensign and
Mrs. Laidlaw, had planned an
(Continued on Page Fourteen.)

#### Let Trust. and

By REV. DANIEL STEELE, D.D.

T is an inspiring thought that we are addressing a multi-tude of readers who would know more of Christ. A languid desire is not sufficient. You must desire Jesus with an intensity which will make your soul a glowing furnace. You must reach the point where you will be willing to sell all, or hold all else cheap in a comparison with the others of all, or hold all else cheap in comparison with the fulness of tove to Christ.

tove to Christ.

There are but two steps which lead down into the pool which makes whole—conserration and trust, Difficulties attend both steps. Some are in doubt whether they surrender all to the disposal of Christ. To such we say: "Consecrate all you know, and then all you do not know." This includes all your assets fod asks no more than this. At this point many fail, through fear that they are to become paupers, when tiod means to endow them that they are to become paupers, when tool means to endow them with untold wealth. What, let Christ become my Lord indeed? Is it safe to give Him complete emtrol over my heart, to be the sovereign of my will, the owner of all my property, while I sink down to a mere stewardship under Him! Will He not take some cruel advantage of me? Will He not command me to hard service? Will not reproaches be heaped nol command me to hard service? Will not reproaches be heaped upon me, if I avow hefore men and angels that I am wholly Chrisi's? Very likely He will honour you by entrusting to you some difficult labour. If you go into partnership with Him you must share all the reproach which comes upon the firm. You are advised beforehand that Jesus is an unpopular character

which comes upon the firm. You are advised beforehand that Jesus is an unpopular character in what is called the best seeiely. "If they have called the master of the house Beetzebub, how much more so shall they call them of his household?" "The world will hate you, because it hateth Me; hut be of good cheer, for I have overcome the world." Hence there can be no perfect consecration without an accompanying perfect trust.

Just here let us whisper in

parving perfect trust.

Just here let us whisper in your ear, that perfect reliance on Christ is impossible, so long as you are cherishing your good name as a treasure more precious than His glory. I think that He had ministers of His Gospel especially in view when. He said: 'How can ye believe which receive honour one of another, and seek not the honour that cometh from God only?" This is not a rebuke for a jealous care of our seek not the honour that cometh from God only? This is not a rebuke for a jealous care of our moral standing, since an unlarnished name is, with preachers, an indispensable condition of success, but for a weak truckling to a public opinion, hostile to unadulterated Christian truth. They are tempted to temporize and tone down the Gospel to please men on whom they think themselves dependent. Reader, your reputation is not too good to give to the Lord Jesus, Paul's self-surrender included his popularity. "If I yet pleased men, I should not be the servant of Christ."

It is true, also, that far more of consecration succeeds the act of perfect faith and realized sanchification than precedes it. Inder the full blaze of the Spirit's illumination, we see much more to consecrate than we did before.

"But" save one "I cannot see

we did before.

"But," says one. "I cannot see
God's band: how, then, can, I
know that He accepts the offer-

stelle, d.d.
ing of my heart?" You are not required to know, but to believe. "How can I believe when I feel no change?" The ground of your faith must not be your feelings, but the Word of God. When you make a legal tender of yourself to Him, it is your duty to believe that He accepts you according to His promise. This is simple faith. When it pleases God He will give to your soul a joyful realization of your acceptance. This is knowledge. The Divine order, both in nature and in grace, is faith, the stepping-stone to knowledge.

ledge.

If the blessing of conseious completeness in Christ, and the abiding Comforter and Sanctiffer is by faith only, why not now? To-day is the day of salvation. Full salvation surrounds you like a shoreless ocean. Appropriate to your ulmost capacity to-day. You will gain nothing hy waiting. There is no lack for God to supplement, and there is no particular in which you can improve yourself and make yourself more accordable to lim. acceptable to llim.

Neither sanctification or justifi-cation is by works. Works in-volve the element of time; but faith says. "Now this instant, Thou, oh God, wilt receive my

offering."
"Bul," says doubt, "suppose

"Bul," says doubt. "suppose that I feel just the same after I thus believe, what then?"
Keep on believing the promise, and insisting that God is true. He may delay for days and weeks the declaration of your complete the declaration of your complete acceptance, in order to develop and test your faith. The longer the delay, if you trust unwaveringly, the more marvellous the manifestation of Christ to your soul as your complete Saviour, when the Comforter takes the things of Christ, and shows them unto you. The Syrophenician woman tost nothing by pressing her suit against chilling discouragements. Faint not, Just here thousands have failed. They did not grasp the prize because they did not persistently believe.

Others fail through a subtle

Others fail through a subtle legality. They trust in their consecration, and not in Jesus only. They take a commercial view of They take a commercial view of the matter, and present the offer-ing of their hearts as the merit-orious ground of receiving the fulness of the Spirit. This is a piece of folly and presumption which finds its parallel in the way-side beggar, who insists that the act of stretching out his up-turned palm carrs the alms

the act of stretching out his up-turned palm carns the alms which the passer-by may give. After you have laid your gift upon the altan look away from the sift, that is now God's, to-wards the skies, whence the fire shall come down to consume the sacrifice, in token of its accept-ance. Thus, in all our approach-es to God there are three things requisite—Belief, Faith, Trust. "For He that cometh to God must believe that He is, and that He is the rewarder of them that dili-gently seek Him."

I sat me down on earth's be-nighted vale, And had no courage and no strength to rise, Had to the passing breeze I told my tale,

And bowed my head and drained my weeping eyes.

But faith came by and took me by the hand And now the valleys rise and mountains fall;

Welcome the stormy sea, the boisterous land,
With faith to aid me I can conquer all.

From "Readings on Holiness."

### WHEN THERE'S A WILL THERE'S A WAY

How Some Newfoundland Officers Got Along Under Difficulties,
In describing the present circumstances of the Officers and Corps at Bonne Bay, Newfoundland, Cadet W. Cronic writes:

land, Cadet W. Cronic writes:
"In the morning, after prayer and breakfast (and then prayer again), one goes to teach at the school, which means a journey of over two miles every morning, the other gets like harness on the horse and goes to the woods. By this means we keep from freezing in the Quarters, but are compelled to close down meetings in the barracks for want of fuel. When we cannot get souls one way we must get them another; so we conduct cottage meetings.

onle way we mines get await auther; so we conduct cottage meetings.

"On Wednesday evening Ensign Butler, who is in charge of this Corps, suggested that would visit the school and, assisted by the writer, conduct a Junior meeting. But before leaving the Quarters he arranged with a boy to meet him with a sleigh and axe on his return from meeting, inlending to cut a loud of wood and bring it home with him, as we had none for next morning. The meeting was very successful. Six Inniors knell at Jesus' feet. We left this meeting, visited a Jew Friends, knell at Jesus' feet. We left this meeting, visited a few friends, and got our tea, and went off for another meeting. At the close a sister sought salvation, We closed the meeting at 12 o'clock; then started for home, with a with a started for home. rd the mercine then started for home, with when started for home, with what antern to show us the way. We tound the boy patiently waiting for us; then we started into business: one holding the lantern, one swinging the axe, and the other pulling the wood to the steigh. The thought of the results of our meetings made the the other puning the wood of westerigh. The thought of the results of our meetings made the work easier than we expected. When we knew we were safe for next day's firing we started for home, arriving at the Quarters with our load of wood at 1.45 a.m. Mrs. Butter was waiting for us. After having taken some reachment we went to rest, feelns. After having taken some re-freshment we went to rest, teel-ing that we had done what we could. Newfoundlanders are not easily discouraged, doing this kind of work while seeking lost souls. The hope of greater vic-tories gives us no time to rest under the juniper tree."

### SEVEN SOULS SAVED.

Burin.—On Sunday Captain French from Garnish was with us. His talks were enjoyed. At night seven souls gave their hearts to God.
On Thursday night we had a basket social. The money raised goes toward our sewing class. Captain Canning is doing his best to arrange everything for the starting of our new Citadel early in April.—J. M. I.

### NORTH SYDNEY NOTES.

North Sydney, C.B.—On-Sunday, February 26th, all meetings were well attended. In the afterneon Envoy Ivey gave a very interesting talk from God's Word. One soul claimed pardon.

In the night meeting two more souls came out. We were pleased to see Sergeant Pardy to the front again, after a spell of sickness.—John Jones.

tion.
The Salvation A The Salvation A pace with the tim now three Corps (having over 300 s tropole for men trached a free prison, and relie which comes und lips and who has social work in Bri a lodge for young maternity and res

maternity and res Majors Morris at those associated v made great prepar meetings, and the repaid for their lat

city were inspected

The Citadel was soldiers and old comediately the Comped on to the platf

WELCO

land

Our Commission Welcome, welcom trumpets, Welcome, welco

Welcome, welcome

Of the dear old I Weldome, welcome try! One of God's n lands.

# WAR THE GENERAL

### CORPS ORGANIZATION-IS YOUR CORPS WELL ORGANIZED ?

That which most conduces to make a Corps an effective fighting machine—after the love of God is shed abroad in the heart —is organization, and the aim of all organization, whether it be that of a military force, a business house, or a manufactory, is to get the most and best out of the individual. Not to carry ont a pet scheme or an antiquated system, but to conduct one's enterprise and to use one's assistsystem, but to conduct one's ensterprise and to use one's assistanls on a plan that will get the
most toil and the best results out
of them. That is organization,
and the one who is most successful at it is the most capable
leader. There are certain onterprises that calt for united effort.
One man could not possibly work
a mine, or do all there is to be
done in a departmental store:
neither can one person do all
there is to be done in a Salvation
Army Corps—there are so many
sides of work in it and so much
to be done that the results are
always most and best where
there are the most whole-hearted
workers. Now, the one who can
get the biggest percentage of
whole-hearted workers in his
Corps is the greatest Captain. A
great deal has been said during
ide-years concerning "Captains
of Industry." These, in every
case, have been great organizers
—men who had a special gift
for getting work out of others,
and in consequence they have
altained great wealth and made
passible great enterprises. Now,
what about your Corps?. What
reprentage of workers have you
amongst your Soldiers. The
fewer workers you have the
poorer Captain you are, no matter how clever you may be as an
individual. Also, as a rule, the
less successful you will be. Your
musical members: have you organized them into a brigade? Your
young people: have you organized them into a brigade? Your
young people: have you organized them into a brigade? Your
young people: have you organized them into a brigade? Your
young people: have you organized them into a brigade? Your
young people: have you organized them into a brigade. Say
rather: what's the matter with
mic that I can't make them work?
The reflection is on you. Now,
chout the War Cry Brigade,
the Offices of all anxiety re the
sales of the "Cry." and in this
sense we publish the picture of
the picture and a write-up of a
war. Cry Brigade for the selling of the
Special Christmas Number This
reflection is the selling of the
Special Christmas Number This
reflection to a temporary War
ther

### Secures a Salvation triumph at The Hague-Dutch Enthusiasm-69 Seekers.

Closely occupied up to the very moment of his departure with urgent matters of Army business. The General left London for Hotland and his Continental Cam-

nand and his Continental Campaign on Friday evening.

He was in fairly good health and spirits, and engaged in animated conversation the Headquarters Officers—Commissioner Howard, Commissioner Railton, and Colonel Unsworth—who were

and Colonet Unsworth—who were present to wish him Godspeed, Colonel Lawley and Colonel Kitching accompany our Leader throughout the tour. The following cable message was received in London, Eug.

The Hague Monday, Feb. 20th. Salvationists of this city that The General's first engagement of his present tour should be a Meeting

for their special benefit.

The General is by no means a stranger at The Hague: He has conducted several notable Campaigns here, but it is certain that has never received a more he has never received a more warm-hearted reception than that given him by his own people

on this occasion.

Crowded as the Hall was in the afternoon, it was a still greater throng that attended the night

Long before the time for com-

Long before the time for com-mencement the people sat wait-ing with characteristic patience. Not only was the audience en-tranced by the carnestness of The General's appeal, but he himself was absorbed in his all-important

There were sixty-nine seekers during the day.

Kitching,

Kitching.

### THE GENERAL'S OPINION.

Holland to-day presents one of the most stupendous chances for extending the Kingdom of Jesus Christ to be found

Here you have people that are willing to listen, to consider, and to act; a Government, a Church, and a Nation that are just discovering our value, and are at last ready to profit by it; and liberty for the Fight, combined with a force of Stuff, Field, and Local Officers, and Soldiery, all ready to be led to victory, with Jehovah waiting to crown every faithful effort with unprecedented triumph,

Oh, you Dutch Salvationists, rouse you! Quit yourselves like true Soldiers of Jesus Christ! Heaven, earth, and Hell are waiting for your response.

Yesterday's mighty struggle and glorious results can never be forgotten by your General,

The Hague, February 20, 1911.

WILLIAM BOOTH,

### PRISONER'S TOUCHING LETTER Finds God in Hokaido Prison Through Reading an Army Book.

The following letter has been received by Lieut.-Colonel Ya-mamitro from a prisoner in Ho-kaido Jail:

"My dear Sir.—I am writing you this letter, hoping you are

well:

"I was born in November, 1861, at No. 37 Oaza Kogomura, Ouomuro, Kitakamo ku gori, Gummaken, and was brought up in a bad home, my circumstances making me quite a scoundrel. When I was about twenty years old and ever since I have done a lot of harm to the world. I committed even four crimes, and I was lastly sentenced to thrifteen years, ponal sentenced to thirteen years' pena servitude on account of burglary servitude on account of burglary. Even in prison my heart was full of evil intentions and dissatisfactions, hence I was always unhappy. This caused me to break the rules of the prison. Not being educated I knew nothing about God and the Bible, but recently I received a copy of the 'Common Popple's Gospel,' which I have read through several times. By reading it, when I came to the third chapter, 'Now is the time of Salyation.' I was so impressed by the word, 'God so loved the world that ite gave His only begolten. Son,' that my eyes were opened, I saw God and sought His Salvais aw God and solight His Salva-tion. I could not help but write you expressing my thanks for the fact that even such a wretched man as I can be saved; your book brought this gift to me. Though my term of imprisonment is very long—I shall be discharged in 1913—I am looking forward with great joy to see you and receive further teaching from you.

"Yours very truly,
"Kisaburo Tsukomoto." "The Common People's Gospet, as our readers will remember, gives the New Testament story in simple language, thereby making it possible for the poorer classes of Japan to read and understand the Gaspets." derstand the Gospels.

We are also sorry to hear that Captain Hurd of Montreal is quite sick.

Two additions to the Men's Sorwo additions to the Men's So-cial Department are reported. Adjutant and Mrs. Cummins, of Hamilton Metropole, welcomed a son on March 2nd, and during the last week Bro. Becket commenc-ed his duties as a stenographer in the Social Department offices at T. H. Q.

Envoy Dawson, of Gueloh, is now privileged to interview the men at the Central Prison farm as well as lo conduct meetings among them, so Staff-Capfain Fraser informs us.

The marriage of Ensign Ebser and Captain Trowbridge was conducted by Lieut-Col. Rees at Grand Bank, Nfld., on February 28th. Staff-Captain Frascr interviewed a number of men al the Cantral Prison Farm at Guelphide week, and on Tuesday, March T visited Kingston Penitentiar wilh the same object.

Adjutant and Mrs. Coy, of T. H. Q., wish to thank the great number of comrades and friends who have sent to them messages of sympathy since the death of of sympacty street little boy.

Lieut-Colonel Chandler, the commander of the London Division, writes to say that thirty-seven souls came to the mercy-seat during the anniversary meetings he conducted at 8. Thomas, and not 27 as reported in our last issue.

Adjutant Bloss writes lo Col. Turner from Welland saying that he has been able to form a committee of local gentlemen who have offered to co-operate with him in his efforts to secure funds for the new Citadet, which the Corps hones to have in the near future. The Mayor of the town, President of the Board of Trade, and one of the local newspaper editors are among the committee, members.

With that far-sightedness so characteristic of Army Officers, Ensign Sheppard and Caplain, McLennan of Moose Jaw have recently secured—and paid for ohir of their local funds—a pices band on which to creet an officers' Quarters. Their successors will reap much benefit from such a move.

When a War Cry man called upon Lieut.-Col. Turner at T. H? O, one day last week he found the Colonel busity directing the sending out of Self-Denial "max chinery"—cards, pamphlets, instruction books, and posters, Wilh such an abundance of useful matter as the visitor saw, S.-D. should go easy this year.

Brigadicr Rawling and Major, Miller have recently returned to T. H. Q. from a flying visit to Windsor, where our present Citated is to undergo extensive alterations. They also visited Longon, Petrolca, and Sarnia. The Property Secretary also gaves Brantford a call.

Brigadier Rawting also into forms us that a new Hall at the No. II. Corps in Winnipeg is being onened on March 2th by Brigadier Burditt. It will be remembered that only a few weeks ago No. III.'s new Hall was opened, also a Corps in St. James. The Gateway City is evidently booming. booming.

Ensign Duncan. Eastern representative of the Subscribers Department, is at present engaged on financial work in Westville, N.S., where it is proposed to creet a new Halt.

We regret to learn that the child of Captain and Mrs. Win-chester is very ill. Pray to these comrades and their inte-

the mountains of land towards the v pics at the south-v Baker looms up a wards the south-is certainly beauti

On arrival the and party were n Officers and escort where dinner was Leader was in touc ple at once, and, right into their he Each of the inst

future progress dis

### Saturday Night.

ped on to the plate of a tremendous Chief Secretary tand it would do good to have hea of soldiers sing, sang a welcome s by their leader, Br

Welcome, welcome Welcome, welco From the dear old

Welcome, welco From the Trainin cities

Welcome, welcome Welcome, welco Welcome to our t

n Ebsar February

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reported.

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or saw. year. d Major:

# The Commissioner in Vancouver

A Civic Welcome Mass Meetings in the Opera House-Army Work Eulogised by Representative Men-37 Souls at the Mercy Seat.

The successful campaign God gave us at Winnipeg but whetted our appetites for still greater things in British Columbia's metropolis. Vancouver is a wonderful city. Its growth has been remarkable, and it seems destined to have a great future. It is the Pacific terminus of the railway. The nearest ocean port to the great wheal lands. In May, 1886, its site was covered with forest, and now it proudly boasts of 1130,000 souls. The scenery all about is magnificent—the Cascade Mountains are to be seen in the north; and there were eighteen surrenders.

Calgary ket pace with other cities. Mayor Mitchell, supported by Hon. W. H. Cushing and leading citizens, presided over tains are to be seen in the north; the mountains of Vancouver Is-land towards the west; the Olympics al the south-west, and Mount Baker looms up as we look to-wards the south-east. The city certainly beautiful for situa-

The Salvation Army has kept ace with the times. We have The Salvation Army has kept pace with the times. We have now three Corps (No. I. boasts of having over 300 soldiers), a metropole for men to which is attached a free labor bureau, prison, and relief work, etc., which comes under Major Phillips and who has charge of the social work in British Columbia; a lodge for young women, and a

a lodge for young women, and a maternity and rescue home. Majors Morris and Phillips and those associated with them had

those associated with them had made great preparations for the meetings, and they were amply repaid for their labour and pains. On arrival the Commissioner and party were met by the city Officers and escorted to the Lodge where dinner was provided. Our Leader was in touch with his people at once and we helieve est

ple at once, and, we believe, got right into their hearts. Each of the institutions of the city were inspected, and plans for future progress discussed.

### Saturday Night.

The Citadel was packed with soldiers and old comrades. Im-mediately the Commissioner step-ped on to the platform he receivped on to the platform he received a tremendous ovation. The Chief Secretary took the helm, and it would do "Cry" readers good to have heard that crowd of soldiers sing. The Songsters sang a welcome song composed by their leader, Bro. Phillips:

### WELCOME.

Welcome, welcome! Yes they are! Welcome, welcome from afar! From the dear old English Home-

Our Commissioners are come.

Welcome, welcome! sound the trumpets,

Welcome, welcome! beat the drums.

Welcome, welcome! Yes they are! Welcome; welcome from afar From the Training Home and cities

Of the dear old Fatherland.

Welcome velcome to our country!
One of God's most favoured

Welcome; welcome! Yes they are! Welcome, welcome from afar! Welcome to our trusted Leaders

ported by Hon. W. H. Cushing and leading citizens, presided over the local gathering. The Commissioner's addresses burned themselves into the hearts of the people, and there were many pathetic penitent-form scenes. There were forty-eight surrenders. Besides public meetings, the Commissioner met the Soldiers, the Band, the Locat Officers, and the young people, while the Chief Secretary and myself conducted a meeting in the Royal N.W. Mounted Police Prison. We prayed with a poro man under sentence of death. Mrs. Colonel Mapp spoke to the inmates of the Rescue and Maternity Hospital. Major Findlay addressed the Calgary Gospet Mission. Brigadier and Mrs. Burditt, Staff-Captain and Mrs. Coombs, and troops in splendid spirits. Commissioner and party proceeding to Winnipeg for great Swedish gathering, and then on to Toronto. Alt is well.

Lieut.-Colonel Pugmire.

+2+2+2+ +2+2+2+2+2+2+1 Who have travelled far and wide; lways eager in the Battle, Fighting at our General's side.

Welcome, welcome! Yes they are! Welcome, welcome from afar!
All to meet in plains of Glory,
All to sing His praises sweet,
What a chorus, what a meeting,

When the Army is complete.

The Sergeant-Major tendered a welcome on behalf of the Corps, and Major Morris spoke for the Province.

and Major spot for the Province.

The Commissioner's address was most pungent and pointed, and was delivered with telling effect, the result being that a number come forward seeking purity and power. The Chief Secretary led an old man of 90 the altar.

Vancouver has a splendid crowd of Bandsmen, and on this occasion No. I. and No. II. were united. Previous to the morning meeting the Commissioner met them in Council, and we are sure the Bandsmen will be much profited thereby.

the Bandsmen will be much profited thereby.

The Gitadel was again filled for the Holiness Meeting, which was nothing short of a Pentecost Mrs. Colonel Mapp, read the Scripture lesson, and our Leader spoke as God's mouthpiece. Holiness of heart and life was his theme, and again as on the night previous when the pool was opened some stepped in for cleansing and healing.

### The Afternoon

Previous to the great meeting in the Opera House the Commissioner met the young people, which he looks upon as one of the most important departments of our work. To say they apprecited his visit is putling it mildy. A Vancouver paper gives the following account of the great welcome:

"A typical western welcome was tendered to Commissioner. David M. Rees, the newly-appointed leader of The Salvation Army forces in Canada, Alaska, Newfoundland, and the Bermudas, by the hundreds of Vancouverites who assembled in the Opera House yesterday afternoon under the presidency of His Worship Mayor Taylor. The clergy, representing the various churches, included the Revs. Newton Powel, president of the Methodist Conference; Mr. Vance, Church of England; Rev. P. Clifford Parker, Baptist Church; Rev. Dr. Wright, Presbyterian Church, Dr. Spencer, and others. The City Council were represented by his Worship the Mayor, Aldeeman J. Ramsay, and Alderman Crowe. There were also present Magistrates Shaw and South, Dr. McKechnie, Professor Oddum, the Rev. Mr. Wilson, of the Christian Church, and the Rev. Mr. Clarke of Westminster. Many letters of regret and good wishes were received from prominent clergymen and business men of the city.

"The proceedings were opened with prayer by the Rev. Dr.

and business men of the city.

"The proceedings were opened with prayer by the Rev. Dr. Spencer, after which the audience were aroused to a pitch of enthusiasm by Colonel Pugmire, who sang a song There's sunshine on the hill.' Incidentally he mentioned that it was sung to the boys at the Industrial Home and to the men in the penitentiary yesterday.

to the men in the penitentiary yesterday.
"Major Frank Morris, in presenting Mayor Taylor, expressed the pleasure it gave him. He was no stranger to them or to the officers and friends of the Army. He was there representing them all, and no particular class. He was a man who feared none and asked no favours.
"His Worship replied that it was a pleasure in the name of the citizens to welcome Commissioner Rees to Vancouver, not

only on his own worth, but for the good work he was engaged in and the fact that he saw the city a baby in arms 22 years ago. He and the fact that he saw the city a baby in arms 22 years ago. He now saw her grown broad and strong, full of enthusiasm in every respect. As the city grew so had the work of the Army, No one could tell the amount of good done by that great organization among the men and women who were not so fortunate as they were. The work of the Army could not be computed. From small beginnings it had gradually grown and increased. They had had ups and downs, fears and depressions, but had overcome every obstacle, and so he hoped they would go on until there was no further need for The Salvation Army, until the time came when the governments of the world came to recongize their duty to the fallen and downtrodden among men and women. of the world came to recognize their duty to the fallen and down-rodden among men and women. The work of the Army was not as that of the other churches. They went out into the highways and byways to bring in the unfortunate. They did not wait for them to come, but took them by the hand and restored to them their self respect and character, which was encouraged and grew under their care. He wished the other Churches were doing similar work. Theirs was an educational work, as well as lending a helping hand to the young man and woman to put them on their feet. In British Columbia they were apt to forget that the conditions of life in the east and in the Old Country were different, and difficult for the stranger. He was pleased to present to them Commissioner Rees, who had spent his life for the people, and not for the almighty dollar. He trusted it would not be the last time they would see him in Vancouver, and if at any time there was anything he could do for the good cause he might call on him. He would do all he could to assist him (Cheers.)

"Alderman Ramsay in presenting the address of welcome on

might call on him. He would do
all he could to assist him
(Cheers.)

"Alderman Ramsay in presenting the address of welcome on
hehalf of the city, said he would
not make a speech after the eloquent address they had just
heard from Mavor Taylor, but
would content himself with extending his welcome to Commissioner Rees, and to wish him and
his work God speed.

"There is no organization in
the whole world that commands
more admiration than The Salvation Army," declared Alderman
Ramsay in the course of his address. 'Its tremendous influence
in the social and moral uplifting
of the world has not been confined to one clime, one race, or
one creed, but has stretched forth
and embraced almost every portion of the civilized world.

"Speaking for the Canadian
Methodist Council, the Rev. Newton-Powell commented on the
marvellous reception given to
Commissioner Rees, the largest
he thought that had ever been
seen on a Sunday in Vancouver,
The people of the Old Country
were taught to look on Canada as
a paradise on earth, and that
there was gold to be picked up in
the streets, Men and women
(Continued on Page Eleven)

# THE WEEK-END'S DESPATCHES 1000

### The Old Chariot is Rolling on.

### ARE YOU GIVING IT A PUSH?

### These interesting Reports show what is being done.

Little Girl Leads Her Father to

Little Girl Leads Her Father to
the Saviour.

The meetings at Dovercourt
are a splendid success, so far as
attendance and spiritual results
are concerned. On the last Sunday in February twelve souls
sought the Saviour. One came
forward at knee-drill. Another
of the converts was influenced by
his little girl. She had got converted at Sunday School in the
afternoon, and on going home
threw her arms round her papa's
neck and said: "Mamma's saved,
my brothers are saved, and I'm
saved, and now you must come
too Dada." He came at night and
surrendered to God.

On March 5th ten souls knelt
at the mercy-seat at the close of
the night meeting. The Bandsmen and Songsters worked well
throughout the day and contributed greatly to the success of
the meetings. Mrs. Adjutant
Bristow read the lesson and
spoke very earnestly and powerfully on the sin of Ananias.

A String Band, under the leadership of Mrs. Heberden, is
shortly to make its appearance.

shortly to make its appearance.

### FIRST DESPATCH FROM ST. JAMES

### Encouraging News.

Encouraging News.

St. James, Winnipeg.— This Corps was opened about two weeks ago by Brigadier Burditt. Sunday, Feb. 20, was a good day. Big crowds at open-airs and inside meetings.

The Junior work is thriving. We had 30 scholars in attendance last Sunday. Five companies have been organized. Some of the older Corps will need to hustle or we shall be giving them a lead. You should just hear our Juniors sing. We have great hopes of, and prospects are bright for, the building up of a good Corps in this fast-growing district. Sunday's finances were good. One soul sought salvation.—Segil. Segil.

#### HALF-NIGHT OF PRAYER STARTED

A half-night of prayer every month is being held at St. Stephen, N.B. The first one was conducted on Friday, February 24th. by Captain Major and the writer. The hall was filled with God's spirit. On Saturday and Sunday, February 25 and 20, five souls came to the mercy-seat.

In Sunday morning's Holiness meeting two came for salvation and three for sanctification. One soul found salvation in the Sunday might meeting. — Cadet Skeeves.

East Teronis. On Sunday night a man got converted. He first got his tobacco and threw it in the stove.—W. Paddle, Lieut.

### "YOU MUST COME TOO, DADA." MAJOR CAMERON AND CADETS AT RHODES AVE.

Sunday, February 10th, was a nemorable day for Rindes Ave. Corps, on account of the visit of Major Cameron and the Cadets from the Training College, Captain Eastwell read the lesson in the Holiness meeting. Cadet Woffatt was introduced to be add

tain Eastwell read the lesson in the Holiness meeting. Cadet Moffatt was introduced to her old and tried friends, she having been a Soldier of the Corps. In the Hall at 3 o'clock the Cadets gave a splendid Biblical and musical service entitled "Under the Flag." We had a splendid audience.

Over 100 persons were present at night, when Major Cameron took for her subject "The Master is Come and Calling for Thee." The Songster Brigade, led by Brother Smithson, sang very sweetly. Seven souls came to the mercy-seal, one yoing man Prother Smithson, sang very sweetly. Seven souls came to the mercy-seat, one young man giving up his pipe to the Captain. We finished a hard day's fighting at 9.45 p.m.—Hallelujah Scribe.

### WINNIPEG I, BAND AT FERNIE

### A Stirring Time.

Last week-end meetings were the greatest that the city of Fernic has ever seen. The Win-nipeg Citadel Band was present, accompanied by Adjutant McEl-

accompanied by Adjutant McElheney.

On Saturday, Feb. 25th, our own Band met the Winnipes Band at the Depot, and under a beautiful clear sky marched down the Main street playing the "Wearside March." A great stir was created, and quite a crowd followed line Bands to the Hall. Huge crowds came to the meeting in the Methodist Church, and the music was greatly enjoyed. The Sunday morning Holiness Meeting was led by Adjutant McElheney. The afternoon and night meetings in the University Hall were very impressive. The building was crowded.—F. A. S.

### EX-POLICEMAN GIVES AN ADDRESS

st. Thomas, Ont.—The hall was crowded to the doors on Saturday night, February 25th, to hear Evangelist Brown, expoliceman of New York City, who is conducting revival services at Grace. Methodest church. Mr. Brown was very much at home in the Army, and his talk was very interesting. He vividly described his past life. Mrs. Brown also spoke a few earnest words.—Corps Secy. Greenwood.

Napanec.—On Feb. 19th Lieut.
McAvoy farewelled after a stay
of six weeks. We have welcomed Captain Torrance. Good meetings have been held this winter.
Converts are taking their stand
in the open-airs.
On Saturday night, Feb. 25, a
young man rose to his feet and
expressed his desire to be a
Christian.—B. G. H.

#### BRIGADIER ADBY

Welcomed to Bermuda by Gen-eral Kitchener,

Hamilton, Bermuda,-On Mon-

Hamilton, Bermuda.—On Monday, February 20th, a great united meeting was held to welcome Brigadier Adby, the D. C. to the Island. His Excellency General Kitchener, Governor of the Island, presided. Ensign Smith introduced the chairman.

His Excellency in his opening remarks said that "In his official capacity it had been his privilege to travel in remote parts of our great Empire, but however remote the place might be The Salvation Army was there wielding an influence for good over the people. When a young officer in an influence for good over the people. When a young officer in India, he had watched with great interest the character of the work done by The Salvalion Army. He thought it an honour that we called ourselves an army. He was glad to see some of his Iellow-soldiers that night as members of the S. A.—M. Smith.

#### METHODIST CHOIR SINGS.

### For Benefit of the Army.

For Benefit of the Army.

Campbellford.—On March 2nd we had a grand tea, followed by a musical meeting in the Opera House. Nearly 300 persons were present. The chairman was Mr. A. Winters. He was supported by the Rev. G. A. Brown (St. Andrew's Church), and Rev. A. J. H. Slrike (Methodist'), also Councillor D. F. Robertson. During the evening these gentlemen gave short addresses, speaking highly of the great work of the Army. The programme was rendered by the Methodist Church Choir. The proceeds of the eyening went towards the Band instrument fund. Everybody is full of ment fund. Everybody is full of faith for our eight days' special campaign.—J. B., Captain.

### PROGRESS AT TWEED.

Tweed.—On Sunday last we had our Junior Anniversary, in which the majority of the Juniors took part. We had a good time on Monday evening. Our Treasurer was chairman.

Crowds are increasing and finances are on the up-grade. We have a fine body of soldiers here, Two souls have recently been saved.—O. J.

Dunnville.—On Tuesday evening our Bandsmen, led by Bandmaster Lamperd, with the help of the Songsters, gave a programme of music and song. Rev. Mr. Elliott. was chairman. Major and Mrs. Green were with us. Their songs were inspiring.

The Band's marches were played from No. 2 book. The Songsters did well, and with their new sashes (the Army colours put together in the form of a rosettel looked very nice. We secured several new friends that might:

Mussel Harbour Arm.—On Jan. 20th Staff-Captain Cave paid us a visit. The weather made our crowd small, but those who came along appreciated the Staff-Captain's addresses very much.
On February 16th we had a sale of work, \$25.50 being realized. This goes towards a new Citadel.—S. Newhook, Lieut.

#### ONE OF THE BIGGEST SINNERS IN KLONDYKE

Gets Converted at SalvationArm Gets Converted at S. A.

Dawson CHy, Y.T.—When the exhortation was given to "Covet examestly the best gifts," among those gifts or graces that presented themselves to the mind of the Apostle may have heen the ability to wield the pon of the "ready writer." Anyway, that gift has often been coveted by your correspondent.

We have been praying for souls and we think we can discern an answer as we note the conviction in our meetings. One recent case of conversion is that of a man who on several occa-

recent case of conversion is that of a man who on several necasions last summer disturbed us when at the open-airs. We are pleased with this instance of the Lord's approval of the work, and can quite believe that it is but the forerunner of many more conversions in the near future. The comrade mentioned was one of the biggest sinners in Dawson, He stands some six or seven inches over six feet.

### TWO SPECIAL SERVICES.

Seal Cove, F.B.—On Sanday night, February 4th, we held a memorial service for the late Mrs. Adjutant Newman. Some years ago she (as Lient, Peddle) was stationed here. The writer at the time was only a school girl, but still remembers some of the things the late Mrs. Newman told her.

On February 16 Captain Rod-

man told her.

On February 16 Captain Rodway favoured us with a Shadow-graph service. The people were delighted with it, and said that it was the best "Special" ever held here.—T. L.

Dunnville.—We have had some good, sound cases of conversion lately. The Soldiers are working hard and keeping bright in their souls. The Band is making good improvement. The Jimiors and Band of Love are also making rapid strides. Some two weeks ago twelve Juniors sought and found Jesus. Captain Johnston is a real hustler, and is bringing the Corps up to a high spiritual standard.

### SIX CONVERSIONS AT BROCKVILLE

Brockville,—Whilst our Officers (Captain Murphy and Lieul, Kelshar, were away at councils at Montreal, the Soldiers took hold, and we had excellent meetings. We had the pleasure of seeing a young man give his heart to God last week. Five souls came out to the mercy-seat on February 28th.

Our Officers during the winter

Our Officers during the winter have been providing for the sick and needy in hospitals and homes, and through their kindness and help much good has been done.—E. Algie, ESM... Cor.

Black Island, Nftd.—On Sunday, February 5th, two souls sought salvation. During the week six more did-likewise. Our D. O., Adjulant Blacock, accompanied by Captain Woolfrey, visited us on February 7 and 2 We had good meetings. Mum

March 18 TRISE (

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### TRISH CAPTAIN LECTURES.

Describes Opening of Army
Work in Dublin and Cork.
Captains Murdock and Bonynge
visited St. Catharines for the
week-end and had a splendid
time. Arriving in town at 4 p.m.
they, according to their usual
tactics, immediately pitched in
and held an open-air meeting
all on their lonesome. This attracted considerable attention.
Adjutant Bradbury and the
local soldiers were on the scenc
for the next open-air. The visitors were given a hearty reception at the first meeting in the
Hall, and at once proceeded to
make themselves at home with
the congregation.

make themselves at home with the congregation. At knee-drill one soul came to the Saviour. The two Captains decided to hold special open-airs by themselves during the day, a course of action which pleased the people and aroused much in-ierest.

the people and aroused much inlerest.

A good congregation assembled
in the Hall for the afternoon
meeting, and were treated to an
account of the opening of Army
work in Bublin and Cork by Captain Bonynge, who being himself
an Irishman knew how to deal
with his subject.

A snowstorm came on at night,
but this did not prevent a large
number of people attending the
meeting, and about 400 were present. Captain Murdoeh gave an
address on "Death and Beyond."
Three souls came to the mercysect.

seat.
As an indication of the interest they had in the work of the Army, a number of ministers, at the conclusion of their own services, came along to the Hall and took part in the prayer meeting.

#### VISITING THE HOUSE OF REFUGE

Brantford. — On Wednesday, February 22, Ensign Hamilton, with the League of Mercy, visit-ed the House of Refuge and con-ducted a happy salvation meet-ing. The inmates were also given org, the innates were assigned endies, oranges, etc. the visitors, after the meeting, paraking of light refreshments provided by the genial matron of the establishment. tablishment.

On Sunday night, Feb. 26, one sout found salvation.—Foretop.

Dovercourt.—The Band has made marked improvement during the last few months. Bandmaster Palmer is still wielding the baton. On Sunday atternoon. March 5th, the "Rock No. 2" on March 5th the "Rock No. 2" on were rendered with a delicacy that was quite surprising to a visitor. Bandsman Campbell, late of the Old Land, has been welcomed as first cornet player. Brother

Old Land, has been welcomed as a first cornet player. Brother Jones is now playing Bb bass. The assistant, J. S.-M. Bro, H. Bell. is proving a great help to the Band with his trombone. Dovercourt Corns has at present a new Citadel, new Officers, and now there is a rimour that the Band will turn out in new uniform at Eastertide. Bandmaster Palmer, whose theory classes were so poputar last year, is resuming that work. The Bandsmen should feel privileged. A Band League is being reorganized, and some new vineged. A band some new locals will shortly be appointed. The Band has a nice little bandroom in the new Citadel.

Sergt. Major Peacock is returning to Canada on the "Ionian," which sails from Liverpool with a number of immigrants on March 18th.

### THE COMMISSIONER AT VANCOUVER

(Continued From Page Nine.)

came who were not fitted for the strenuous life. God had placed a task on the shoulders of the nation such as no nation ever herore had to face. Immigrants were flowing in, and the classes of all sorts had to he welded in one compact nation. Thank God there were such organizations that were not afraid to, go into the gutter to rescue the fallen. Down in the gutter were the footprints of Christ. The only power to work out this problem is the power of Jesus Christ.

"In presenting the address from

power of Jesus Christ.

"In presenting the address from the Church of England, the Rev. Mr. Vance said they made provision for men lo develop the resources of the country, but what they wante d was men lo develop the manhood of this great last west English-speaking country. The men who were accomplishing this belonged to The Salvation Army. They had overcome the prejudice that existed against the mand peeple had come to admire their ideals and consistency. He hoped Commissioner Rees would live to see the consummation of his great work in the Deminion. in the Dominion.

consummation of his great work in the Dominion.

"Mr. Ruchan, on behalf of the Roard of Trade, welcomed the Commissioner and read the address from that body. They represented not only the business section of the people, tool all in the community. They owed more to the Army than they did to the whole of the pedice of this Programization for moral reform, and took care of the unfortunetes that tell by the way. He could not senarabe the Army from that term Old Mart who started the movement in 1865, and was proud he had the honor to slant along-side him at \$1, Andrew's church on his last visit to the city.

"Col. Mapp recollected many

on his last visil to the city.

"Col. Mapp recollected many similar gatherings that would remain as green memories. They gave him an inspiration. He had always something to learn from the people of Vancouver.

"He was not surprised when the city's characteristics came to the surface in its welcome to Commissioner Rees. As he carried the hurden of The Salvation Army through Canada he would not meet with a more hearty or sympathetic people in his great task of pushing on the work of Jesus Christ. Commissioner Rees replied to the addresses presented to him. He had to con-

Capta'n Torrance has been ap-pointed to take charge of Nap-

Adjutant Cummins, of Hamilton, writes to say that although only eleven men were present at one of the first meetings he conducted in the Metropole, four of the number knelt at the mercy-seat for salvation.

Adjutant Cornish conducted a party of immigrants on the "Lake Erie" to this country, arriving into roronto on March 4th. The Adjutant is returning to the Old Land to bring out another party on the "Virguian," which sails for Canada on March 31st.

Staff-Captain Wakefield con-ducted a party of domestics on

fess that his heart was deeply touched by the affectionale welcome tendered to him by the city in its representative capacity. He felt it was given as the direct result of the labour and self sacreifice of the Officers and Soldiers of the Army in the city, and he wished to thank those who had snoken so kindly on their behalf. wished to thank those with has spoken so kindly on their behalf. It was the duty and pleasure of his people to assist in all good work that came within their scope. He hoped the day would never come when The Salvation Army would turn away from suffering nout in the communication.

Army would turn away from suf-fering and sin, from nationality or creed. "Professor Odlum moved a vote of thanks to Commissioner Rees, and this was seconded by Magis-trate Shaw. The Commissioner briefly thanked the audience and proposed a similar vote to the Mayor, which received a hearly response." response."

#### Sunday Night.

About two thousand people attended the Sunday night service. Adjutant Howell prayed carnestly for God's power in saving the people to be demonstrated, and ere the close Hat prayer was answered. Major Findlay read the Bible lesson taken from the New Testament, on the Crucillxion of the world's Redeemer. A sofo from the writer, and then the Commissioner detivered his burning message. Christ was faith-About two thousand people at-Commissioner detivered his burning message. Christ was faithfully upfifted—His suffering serifice and death for sinners on the Cross portrayed. The first of the number to come to the mercy-scal was a young man from the top gattery. That look red courage, and we believe that art inspired others in follow. We littled '37 for the week-end, and we give Gud the glory.

### The Officers' Councils.

These were times of refreshing from the presence of the Lord. Some Officers had come long distances to be present—for instance, Adjutant Blackburn from Monton and Facilian Lebels. stance, Adjutant Blackburn from Vernon and Ensign Johnston from Prince Ruperl. Two ses-sions were held, and in each the Commissioner, who has bad such a long, varied, and successful career connsetted his Officers, and we believe they have return-ed to their various spheres of duty with new inspiration and power.

We congratulate Major Morris npon the arrangements made for the campaign.

Lieut.-Col. Pugmire.

the "Empress of Britain" to the Dominion, and after spending but a few hours in Toronto, imme-diately proceeded to Vancouver to resume his usual work in con-nection with the Immigration Department.

Sergeant M. Bigland, father of Bandmaster Stantey Bigland, one of last year's "conductors") was in charge of a party of fifteen colonists, who came across the Atlantic on the "Virginian" last week, and who by the time this Cry is in the hands of our readers, will have reached their destination—Lord Aberdeen's estates in Vernon, B. C.

Staff-Captain Crichton sails from England with a party of new settlers on March 24th.

BREWER BROWN SURPRISES SARNIA

But Has a Stirrings Time.

But Has a Stirrings Time.

The surprise visit of Envoy, Brewer Brown to Samia went well. After putting in a Sunday across the border, the Envoy, by request, stayed off and gave us a meeting. Atthough notice was so short, the half was well filled, and people were brought to tears by the Envoy's pathetic. life-slory. At the close of the meeting four souts knett at Jesus feet, making a lolal of six for the week-end. It was unanimously volled that the Envoy must come back for a longer stay at a near date.—War Core.

### SAVED: AT: EIGHTY!

Fenelon Falls.—On Monday, February 20th, we had with us Brigadier Moreben, D.C. His genial manner and Salvation Armyism captured our hearts in

Armysm captured our nearts it this his first visit. Come for a week-end, Brigadier! Recently a man, bowed and grey-hairert, with his eighty years, obtained deliverance.— Robin.

Winnipeg No. IL.—On Sunday night, February 12th, we had a visit from Brigadier and Mrs. Burdill. There was a good attendance, and one soul came out for salvation. During the service the Brigadier dedicated the halties of two of our Soldiers, Brother and Sister Brunering, and Brother and Sister Durinering, and Brother and Sister Oake.—Frances Harris, Captain,

Fernie,—On Sunday, Feb. 19th, after the Decision Meeting in the Sunday School, Lieutenant Stride, with the Company Guards +42 in. with the Company Grards (12 m) munder—paid a visit to the prison, where a bright, cheery meeting was held. The prison-ers listened attentively, especial-ly to the singing of Sister Good-win and Sister Dicken. The said, "Remember—Mother's Prayers" touched many a heart. Two men raised their hands, wishing to be proved for.

Carleton, N.B.—Four persons have knell at the Cross and claimed parsion. They are taking their stand in the open-air; A visil from Major Simeo of To-A visil from Major Sinico of 10-ronto was much enjoyed. Her lecture entitled "The Army's Early Ballles in Quebec" was quite thrilling. Caplains Addy, and Rowe are leading on.—Pat.

Shoal Bay.—Since the arrival of our new Officer, Captain Boll, twently-four souls have kneft at the merey-seal and claimed salvation. We have had an emollment of five Soldiers, making a lotal of twenty-eight Soldiers.—Nell

Till Cove. Newfoundland.—We are under the leadership of Captain and Mrs. Tilley and Lieulen-

tain and Mrs. Tilley and Lieurnaut Small.
On Sunday night the Captain gave a powerful address, at the close of which three souls came to the mercy-seal for salvation.
—Susic Thomas.

Staff-Captain Jennings and Captains Penfold and Carter are exceedingly busy just now hand-ling the newcomers who first set foot on Canadian soil at Halifax, N. S.

#### Yellow he Real Peril.

SOME INTERESTING FACTS CO NCERNING THE ASTONISH-INGLY VIRULENT OUTBRE AK OF PNEUMONIC PLAGUE IN THE FAR EAST, AND 0 F PLAGUES IN GENERAL.



An Old-fashioned Remedy in Jupan.

A Japanese girl before the tooth-ache shrine, Japan.

TRENUOUS action is being taken by the Powers to assist China in combating the pneumonic plague at present raging in Manchuria and Northern China. Thanks to the efforts of European doctors, who have shown much heroism, there is for the norman forms elicht. is for the moment some slight abatement of the malady in the Far East, but there is a general fear among experts that when the warm weather sets in an epidemie of bubonie plague may fol-low and spread south into China, The worst source of infection is undoubtedly the flea, which car-ries the bacillus from cerlain ani-mals, usuallf rats and other ro-

The manner in which plague spreads in Asia appears to be very much the same in all parts of the Continent. The recent out-break of Dibbonic plague in Seis-tan. as described by Dr. Sven Hedin in his Overland to India (just published in two volumes by Macmillan), contains much that is of interest at the present moment.

### How the Grain Speculators Helped the Plague in Seistan.

Holped the Plague in Seistan.

"Selfish and Boughtless men worked in the interests of the devouring bacilli. The famine which prevailed everywhere enfeebled the people and rendered them more liable to disease. Under ordinary circumstances large quantities of the grain harvest are bought up by a few rich persons, who then raise the price to many times the value. The scarcity now prevailing was due in great measure to the failure of the crops in Kain, and large quantities of grain had been sent thiller from Seistan so that the country itself came at last to want. All the poor people—that is, the majority of the population—must either starve to death or singportalife with soft reed shoots and other plants, and had thus to struggle for life for six weeks more till the new harves! was ready. As the unscrupulous rich speculators were deprived of their profits they stirred up the propole against the Belgians and oriculated false reports about them. They asserted that they formed clothes and dressed the ipeople in new ones in order to get hold of nicely-dressed wo-

men, that they did everything to spread disease, exterminate the people, and render it easier for Europeans to take the country.

"One must, however," continues Dr. Sven Hedin, "forgive the misguided and ignorant people who, brought to despair by famine and plague, knew not what to be-lieve They could not under-stand why Europeans without restand why Europeans without re-ward—nay, with considerable sacrifice to themselves—came to their aid with active advice and assistance. They could not be-lieve that it was simply from feelings of humanity and philau-thropy. And when their own edu-cated men and priests assented cated men and priests assured them that Englishmen laid out trade roads in Baluchistan solely to introduce the plague into the country, and that under pretence of distributing medicine they only spread poison, it was certainly no

out effect, for the malady is obstinate The old man had evidently journeyed to Kyoto to seek the aid of the famous healer of Kiyomizu. He rubbed the bare wood on Binzuru's head vigorously and on Binzuru's head the boy's head until he giggled. He repeated this ritnal many times, and then left with great faith in his heart.

The next applicant was a mar-ried woman bringing with her a bald-headed boy who was evi-dently mentally deficient. I think dently mentally deficient. I think she hoped to convey to her son's brain some of that bright sense and that power of learning which dwelt beneath the brow of the patient divinity. She rubbed the two heads one after the other with even more ardour than the peasant had displayed. The boy towards unreariestly but the peasant had displayed. The boy langhed uproariously, but the mother was very grave. Whether in the course of days a brighter intelligence dawned in the lad's dull eyes I know not, but I have little doubt that in its appointed time ringworm appeared on his scalp.

(Continued on Page Fourteen.)



HOW INDIA IS KEPT HEALTHY-THE QUININE PARADE,

HOW INDIA IS KEPT HEALTHY—THE QUININE PARADE, During the mataria season "quinine parades" are held in every Indian unit. The men parade in multi and squat down in lines awailing their furn. With a view to seeing that every man takes his proper dose the hospital assistant subordinate native doctor pours the measured amount of liquid quinine into the man's mouth held open to receive the contents of the glass measure. In the picture the Sikh sepoy is seen about to swallow the dose given him from the hands of the doctor.

wonder that the poor people were irritated. Moreover, they saw how they themselves were decimnow they themselves were decimated while the Europeans were immune; not a single European was attacked by the plague. The Governor, Mir Mohsin Khan, ran about like an idiot from village about like an idiot from village, to village, flying from the plague, and the colonel of a regiment intended, it was said, to remove to Kuhi-Khoja, as if the plagne could not reach him just as well there." The same slate of affairs is occurring in Manchuria, where is occurring in Manchuria, where the bonzes are impeding the work of the Western dectors. Sir Frederick Treves thus de-scribes how ancient customs spread disease in the Far East. "A wizered peasant from the country, he seemed to have tra-

"A wizened peasant from the country; he seemed to have travelled from afar for there was a dazed look on his face. He was leading a boy whom I supposed to be his grandson and who was suffering from wide-spread ringworm on the scalp, It is probable that the learned in the willage had wrought their best on the lad's head but with-



Lowering a Child from

### Promoted to Glory.

SISTER MRS. STUMBLES OF SYDNEY, CB.

One of our old friends in the person of Sister Mrs. Stumbles, mother of Mrs. R. Hiscock, passed away recently at the advanced age of 83 years of age. She was a native of Brigus (Nfld.) and came to Cape Breton ten years ago. She passed away peacefully, A large crowd attended the funeral. We extend our sincers sympathy to the bereaved ones.—T. J. Meeks.

### SISTER MRS. PARDY OF DOTING COVE

Our Corps has suffered the loss of the above-named conrade.

During her illness she was not known to murmur, but took everything as being God's will for her. Just before her death everything as being Goors will for her. Just before her death the writer visited her and found her trusting in the Saviour, Her request was to have "Shall We Gather at the River" sung at her graveside. Her husband is a soldier in our Corps. Our prayers are with him.

On the following Sunday night memorial service was con-

on the following Sunday night a memorial service was conducted by Ensign French. A large crowd attended. The power of God came down, and we had an impressive time.—W. M. Guy. S. M.

#### Chinese are Starving and Desperate.

That a fearful state of affairs That a tearfol state of anome exists in China is becoming more evident each day. Rendered desperate by hunger, bands of hundreds of starving refugees are roving through the faminestricken area plundering and killing, and a reign of terror prevails. At Kunshan, a walled village within fifty miles of Shaughai, the villagers, after a desperate raid in which stores were looted and many killed, meted on punishment peculiarly Chinese in its eallousness to the raiding refugees. A band of more than the hundred are, reported to have been surrounded in a compound and burned to death. exists in China is becoming more

been surrounded in a compound and burned to death.

The refugees had taken posses-sion of Kunshan and for two days ransacked the stores of every-thing eatable, killing or wound-ing all who resisted.

Many villagers were slain and others were taken prisoners and held for ransom. When the raid-ers moved on to plunder the next village the Kunshan neople had a village the Kunshan people had a council of war, and offered lo pursue the fugitives. They came up with them in a small village and surrounded the house. The gates were locked and the houses set on fire

The refugees brought five prisoners to the compound in view of the besiegers, and threatened to kill them unless the siege was raised, and on the villagers to kill them unless the stoge was raised, and on the villagers pressing them back to the hum-ing buildings, they slowly backed the five men to death. Three other prisoners were tied to stakes in the burning building, and were burned with their cap-tors

Gooseberry Island.—On Sunday (Feb. 11th) the spirit of God was felt in all our meetings, and at night five souls claimed pendon. The soldiers are all on fire; and before long we hope to see many backsliders and sinners with for God.—M. M. Hobbs, for Busign Naceworthy Noseworthy

Social Exte

A Working Elevator with Rochdale I building was cotton mill. partially department on the cotton of t enteen or e since then cently tool

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# OUR INTERNATIONAL NEWS LETTER 1806

International Headquarters

Social Extensions in England.

Social Extensions in England.

A Workingmen's Home and Elevator was recently opened at Rochdale by Mrs. Booth. The building was formerly used as a cotton mill. It was, however, partially destroyed by fire seventeen or eighteen years ago, and since then, until the Army recently took it over, it has remained a mere blackened, uninviting shell of a building.

Now, at a cost of 22,400, it has been transformed, if not allogether, into a "thing of beauty," certainly into an ideal Workingmen's Home and Elevator. The oblong building is, strictly speaking, divided into two sections. The larger section, in which there is accommodation for 172 men, will be used as the Home proper, while the lesser section is transformed into an Elevator, in connection with which it is hoped to find employment—in the paper-sorting industry—for the paper-sorting industry— for fifty men. Three of the four storeys in the Home are to be

storeys in the Home are to be used as bedrooms.

Later in the day Mrs. Booth proceeded to Odham, where she addressed a large gathering on the Women's Social Work. This meeting was held in connection with the inauguration of the first Army Home for Women in the town

In the new Home there are, in addition to the girls' workroom and dining-room, seven bedrooms. There is altogether accommodation for eighteen wo-

The General's Congratulations.

The General's Congratulations.

On the occasion of the celebration of the 21st anniversary of the starting of the Review of Reviews, The General sent the following letter to its Editor. Mr. W. T. Stead:

Dear Mr. Stead.—The last 21 years have certainly been years of illumination on many of the most profound problems which affect the human race. During that period you have fought hard and nobly to bring your light to bear on the darkness, and God has helped you.

I venture to predict that amongst other services to the

has helped you.

I venture to predict that amongst other services to the world the valuable aid which from time to time you have rendered The Salvation Army in its desperate struggle with misery and sin will add to the honour in which the future will hold your name and will not fail of its reward here and hereafter.

Let us work while it is day!

Yours affectionately.

William Booth.

With this gracious and hearty acknowledgment of the assistance Mr. Stead has rendered to the Army in its great campaign for God and the people, all Salvationists will, we are sure, wish to be identified. At a time when there was searcely another pen in the world which was dipped in ink to defend us and approve the principles for which we stood, Mr. Stead was as ardent a champion of our cause as he is to-day. ...

### South America.

Plans are being made for Commissioner Cosandey to visit Chile, Peru, and Bolivia: This will occupy him two months.

Brigadier Gundersen, the recently-installed Chief Secretary, will accompany the Commissioner to Chile.

The Durban Social Farm.

Forty men were received in one month at the Durban Social Farm, South Africa, six of them being ex-prisoners. Amongst those helped during the past year were the following cases:

A Scotchman of sixty, ear-1. A Scottman of sixty, car-penter by trade, came to us in want through lack of employ-ment, became converted, lives a steady and industrious life. Has now been sent to a farm in the employ of a high official gentle-man in Natal.

man in Natal,

2. An Anglo-Indian hy hirth, Indian interpreter, came to us absolutely friendless and destitute, stayed some months, was converted here, lived a good life, and finally obtained a very good official situation, and is doing well. Pays us to visit now and them,

3. An Irishman, 36 years of age, chemist, could obtain no employment owing to his failing—drink; was resolved to turn over

New Hindoo Song Book.

The title of this little book is "Muklifau] Bhajan our Git." It contains 50 songs which may be sung to various well known Hindustani, Tamil, Singhalese, and Marathi times, and 50 translations of well known European songs to which are attached 72 choruses.

The latest Indian and Ceylon statistics are given, and a few important questions answered such as:

such as:
What is The Salvation Army?
What is Salvation?
How can I obtain Salvation?
What virtuous or righteous
work can I do to get Salvation?
Have you got Salvation?
An appeal is made to every
profession of converted men and
woman to both on the Chapita

rotession of converted men and women to help on the Chariot, Considerable labour has been put into it by Commissioner Fa-kir Singh. It was printed at the Royal Army Temperanee Press, published at the Simla Head-

boys. These are all married togists who were brought up in the cirls' Industrial School.
"Heavy rain clouds were gathering the next morning when it was time to start for the villages, but off we went.
"It was a short in the circumstrate of the ci

was time to start for the villages, but off we went.

"It was a short journey by reain, and then four of us climbed into the only vehicle available, a small bullock gharry which would have seated two fairly comfortably.

"The weather looked threatening and soon the lightning began to flash and the thunder to roar, and when half way to the village the rain descended in torrents. We sheltered beneath torrents. We sheltered beneath a clump of bamboos until the worst was over, and then proceeded on our way.

"The water was now two feet

ceeded on our way.

"The water was now two feet deep in places, and rushing along the road.

"Whoa! whoa! the Colonel called out, and almost before we knew what was the matter we were bumped on the ground. The wheel of the gharry had come off.

wheel of the gharry had come off.
"At last we reached the village and had our meeting. True there was not a large crowd, but it was a satisfaction to ourselves to know that we had come and had not disappointed the people, and after all the rain was most acceptable for it is on this the wheat crop depends so much. The Colonel was also getting his first taste of village warfare and travelling; which he evidently, enjoyed."

NEWS BUDGET FROM HALIFAX

Captain Galway, of Halifax II., has started a series of topical Tuesdays. Last Tuesday night's topic was "Paradise Lost," Two souls surrendered.
Thursday night Major and Mrs.

Thursday night Major and Mrs. McLean conducted a musical meeting, assisted by several of the city officers, also some of the No. II. soldiers. The music and singing was much appreciated by the good erowd which was present

sent.
Sunday all day Major and Mrs.
McLean led on, assisted by Capt.
Clayton. At night the hall was
well filled. A quartette was given
by Mrs. McLean, Capts. Clayton
and Galway, and Cadet Smyth.
The Major spoke from the words
"No Room in the Inn." Five souls
found salvation. The meeting
closed with a hallelujah wind-up,
even the sisters taking part in
the daneing. Several of our soldiers who were on the siek list
have returned to the fight.
Our new drum has arrived, and

Our new drum has arrived, and we expect a new flag in the near future.—Peter.

AN OLD-TIMER AT RIDGETOWN

Ridgetown Corps has been enjoying much of the presence and power of God. Since last report four souls have knelt at the Cross for salvation. We have been favoured with a visit from our esteemed friend, Captain F. Cook. The captain is an old-time Salvationist and was estimated been tonist, and was stationed here some years ago. Needless to say, we were much pleased to see her and listen to her encouraging words. She led the meetings on

words. She led the meetings on Thursday and Sunday nights. Captain Wakkinson of Strath-roy conducted our last week-end meetings.—S. M.



REPRESENTED AT THE STATE DIRECTLY OPENING OF PARLIAMENT FOR THE FIRST TIME.

OPENING OF PARLIAMENT FOR THE FIRST TIME.

When King George opened the first Parliament elected in his reign, there were present in the House of Lords the High Commissioners for his Majesty's four great self-governing Dominions. Thus, for the first time—it is by the King's own initiative and command—the Empire was directly represented at the opening of the Imperial Parliament. The High Commissioners, who are sitting next to the wall, are seen in the following order in our Drawing (reading from right to left towards the foreground of the picture): Lord Strathcona, representing the Dominion of Canada; Sir W. Hall-Jones, representing New Zealand; Sir George Reid, representing the Commonwealth of Australia; and Sir Richard Solomon, representing the Union of South Africa.

a new leaf, was soundly converted, and after a three-months' stay with us obtained another situation about ten months ago. Has given up drink entirely, and still retains his situation.

4. The father of a family, affectionately called "Daddy" by all; 75 years old, and still puts in a good day's work in the garden; he is an earnest and sincere Christian, and does his best to set a good example, and points out the moral of "lost opportunities." Netti . s. Navisis

quarters, and the very moderate price is one anna.

On Tour in India.

Lieut.-Col. Spooner has recently been on tour through the United Provinces of India, and Brigadier Dileri Singh writes as follows concerning it. He says: "At Moradabad an Officers' meeting was held. It was encouraging to note that out of the Officers present not less than 12 were young men who had passed through our Industrial School as

18, 1911

(Continued From Page Twelve.)

### The Danger of a Patient's Cough.

"Pneumonic plague," says Dr. Sven Hedin in his new work, "that is, the form of disease which attacks the lungs is almost which attacks the rungs is annougalways fatal because the mi-crobes are there safe from the colls which destroy them. The crobes are there safe from the cells which destroy them. The doctor is more exposed to danger near such a patient than anywhere. All that is necessary to give him the disease is that the patient should cough and the smallest particle of expectoration light in the doctor's eye, where the microbes can thrive in moisture. If he has the smallest scratch in the conjunctiva causscratch in the conjunctiva, caused, for example, by a minute grain of sand, the microbes enter and do their work." One of the doctors operating in Manchuria has died owing to a patient coughing upon him unexpectedly when he was unprepared.

when he was unprepared. The last virulent outbreak of bubonic plague in Great Britain began at the close of the year 4664. A vivid description of the whole course of the dreadful visitation is given in Thornton's New and Complete History, Description, and Survey of London and Westminster, published in 4784. It is there stated that the disease was brought over to London disease was brought over to Lon-don in some goods exported from Holland. "These goods were first opened at a house in Long Acre, near Drury Lane, where two Frenchmen, catching the distem-per, died, This immediately com-municated the disorder to other houses in that neighbourhood and infected the parish officers who were employed in burying those who died of it. . . . The physicians, in their treatment of the sick, all agreed in throwing physicians, in their treatment of the sick, all agreed in throwing out the pestilential malignity as soon as possible by alexiphar-mics. . As soon as the magi-strates of London discovered that the contagion had spread itself into several parishes, in order to nnto several parishes, in order to stop the farther communication of the disorder, an order was is-sued out for shutling up all in-flected houses, and that these houses might he more easily known red crosses were painted on the doors with this inscription, "Lord have mercy upon us?"

Lord, have mercy upon us."
"Dogs and cats, being domestic animals and often running from animals and often running from one house to another, were supposed to convey the noxious effluvia in their fur or hair; in consequence of which, by the advice of physicians, the Lord Mayor and Common Council issued; an order that all those animals should be immediately killed, and an officer was amounted for that an officer was appointed for that purpose. Every possible endea-your was also used to destroy rats and mice on the same account by poison."

poison. A writer in Notes and Queries

refers to the connection between rodents with plague contained in the Book of Samuel.

the Book of Samuel.

"In I. Samuel, vi., 4, the Revised Version is. 'What shall be the guilt offering which we shall return to him? And they said. Five golden tumours, and five golden mine, according to the number of the lords of the Philistines: for one plague was on you all, and on your lords.'
"Geikie in Hours with the Bible says that the Hebrew word Sakban.' translated whice in our Bible, includes all the small rodents of Palestine in and literally means the coorn-cater.'

rodents of Palestine and Liferally means the corn-eater.



OLD COINS FOR NEW,

OLD COINS FOR NEW.

The artist of the London Sphere who was commissioned to sketch at the Mint by the courtesy of the Deputy Master, the Rt. Hon, William Grey Ellison-Macartney, was struck most of all by the conversion of tons of early-Victorian copper coinage into new penpies and halfpennies bearing the effigy of King George V. Thus the weary penny after wandering over London from Limchouse to Lambeth, from Peckham to Finsbury Park, has to do duty once again in a new dress.

once again in a new dress.

"The 'tumours' (in the Authorized Version, emerods) point plainly to the bubonic plague. The Philistines sent these golden symbols of their plague as if they were closely connected, as modern research has shown to be the case. Geikie points ont that 'Tavernier tells us that when a pilgrim (in India) undertakes a jonney to a pagoda to be cured of a disease he offers to the idol a present, either in gold, silver, or copper, according to his ability in the shape of the diseased or injured member.' So when the Philistines sent the golden tumours and the golden mice (or eminsures sent the golden uniours and the golden mice (or rats) they wished to send a complete representation of the plague that was troublengthem in fact, cause and effect.

### Wages of Farm Helpers.

From statistics recently published at Ottawa we observe that From statistics recently pili-lished at Ottawa we observe that wages for farm help show a ten-dency to rise. For the last sum-mer season the averages were \$35,15 per month for males, and \$20,70 for females, counting board. This is a slight increase on the year before, when the averages were \$33.69 for males and \$19.08 for females. Coming to yearly figures, we find that imales have an average of \$347.10 and females \$209.69 per year, counting board, as against \$336.29 and \$206.08. respectively, for 1909. The highest prices per month in summer are paid in Saskatchewan, Alberta, and Brit-ish Columbia, where they are \$40 and over for males and \$25 and over for females, we man board.

The average rate of board per The average rate of board per month ranges from \$8 for males and \$6 for females in Prince Edward Island, to \$20 and \$17, respectively, per month in British Columbia.

Columbia.

'The rates of wages and board are quoted for the farm, where males are employed on the land and females in the house. They are averages computed from a are averages computed from a large number of returns by farmers to the Census Office.

### Oil for the Mosquitoes.

One of the drawbacks to a Muskoka summer is the presence of the lively mosquito. The keepers of summer resorts in that keepers of summer resorts in that district are now planning war on these insects. The suggestion has been made to them that the use of oil will prevent the multiplication of these pests, and they are seriously considering the matter. Oil has been of great service in other parts of the world in this respect, and the cost will not be large. About 200 barwill not be large. About 200 bar-rels of oil at \$3 each would be sufficient. About 125 resorts are conducted around these lakes,

Tillsouburg.—During the last vo weeks two souls have retwo weeks two souls have re-turned to God and are now get-ling along well.

Colonel Chiandler, our D. E., paid us a visit on Thursday last and commissioned nine local Officers. After the meeting refreshments were served, Harry Crawford, Captain,

### WINNIPEG BAND ON TOUR

(Continued From Page Seven) official welcome by Mayor Adams to be followed by an auto ride; through the streets of this growing and prosperous city, but our early arrival upset this arrange-

ment.
This is not the first time your correspondent has visited Lethbridge, and its growth and evident prosperity surprised and impressed him, but what was impressed him, but what was most surprising was the fact that where once stood miserable frame stores to-day stands a handsome business block, occupied by the people who formerly occupied the less preentieus premises.

premises.

We had an auto ride, and paid a visit to the Experimental Farm. The citizens showered courtesies upon us which were greatly appreciated by the Bandsmen.

The Lethbridge and Winnipeg Bandsmen sat down to a lovely repast—an expression of the good-will of the Lethbridge comrades.

good-will of the Lethbridge comrades.

The concert at night was held in the Westey Methodist Church, and I do not think the Wimipeg Band, or any other, has ever played to a more enthusiastic and appreciative audience.

This Corps is in a healthy condition, and prospects are bright for a good sipritual awakening. I heard of several good cases of conversion, some of whom are endeavouring to qualify themselves as Bandsmen.

The Bend, under the leader ship of Bandmaster Hardy, who is Captain and Assistant Chief at No. II. Fire Hall, is doing well, and is certainly a great improvement to what it was when last I heard it. May God bless them. Some of them have slood fast through the hardness of the fight, but God is rewarding their rithfulness. Some of them have stood fast through the hardness of the fight, but God is rewarding their faithfulness. We trust He will continue to do so. In closing we want to say a great hig Thank You to Eusign and Mrs. Laidlaw, the Band, the Sisters of the Corps, the eitizens of Lethbridge for all their kindly care and consideration, and fervently we pray that the inasmuch shall be theirs. More anon.—Kaffir.

### THE STAFF OF THE SALVATION ARMY

(Continued From Page Three.) (Continued from Page Inrec.)
Salvation Army. However, on
discussing the matter with Staff
Officers and others, I found, as
we shalt see later on, that the
Biblical standard of charity lo
the idle is good enough for them.

Biblical standard of channy the idle is good enough for them. Sunshine and sweat are among the nost moralizing agouts in this world—a doctrine which is put into practice by the Staff serving under General Booth.

Nothing has struck me more than the absence of what is commonly understood as pleasure among the Soldiers and Officers. They seem to have no redeeming vices. Their holidays are few, and the nearest approach to carnal desire which I have encountered among members of the Army in the course of my investigation was an officer on furlough, who confessed that before he died he should like to indulge in the wickedness of tasting a devilled oyster!—From "The Great Idea."

Dresden, Ont. Six more souls

The Band ander the leadership of Lieut. B. Pugmire, is getting along well, and we are receiving the flowns people.—Comment. of the lowns people.—Comment.

March 48, 4011.

Green Pastares Galendar

ford knoweth them

vith Best Wishes

The New Year

that and in Him

BAND ON TOUR

Tom Page Seven.) ie by Mayor Adams ne by Mayor Adams
I by an auto fide
rects of this growerous city, but our
upset this arrange-

the first time your has visited Leth-s growth and evi-ty surprised and by but what was y surprised and in, but what was g was the fact that stood miserable to-day stands a iness block, occuiness block, occu-ople who formerly less pretentious

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were greatly ape Bandsmen,
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at night was held Methodist Church, ink the Winnipeg other, has ever other, has ever nore enthusiastic

other, has ever nore enthusiastic re audience, in a healthy con-spects are bright ritual awakening, ral good cases of the of whom are qualify themsel-

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great big Thank
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Sisters of the
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### LVATION ARMY

n Page Three.) n Page Three.)
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ourse of my infofficer on furessed that be-ould like to in-edness of tast-oyster!—From

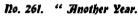
six more souls e during yes-fight. the leadership

the leadership ire, is getting lare receiving nment of the respondent.

CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR O ripture Texts, Mottoes,

Calendars,

We have to make room for our Spring Stock, and to do are offering SO. following prices Calendars for and Mottoes. Cannot promise to duplicate.



Size 8 by 5½. A Six-page upright Turnover Calendar, with Floral and Landscape Designs. Monthly Calendar in clear figures. Embossed Title Page. Selected Texts with verses by Mercedes Rivolta. Corded to hang.

No. 262. "In His Footsteps."

Size 8 by 5½. A six-page oblong Turnover Calendar, with beautiful Floral Designs in Dark Tinted Panels. Embossed Title Page. Monthly Calendar in clear figures, Selected Texts and specially written verses by F. M. Nesbltt. Corded to hang.

No. 270. "Green Pastures."

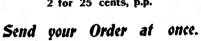
Size 12½ by 6½. An Artistic Calendar on new Art Boards, with Title and Motto Text. Embossed in White, with line Bromide Pictures in Panel. Monthly date Pad with a Text for each month. Corded to bang.

Бо. 270. "Still Waters."

Size 12½ by 6½. An Artistic Calendar on new Art Board with Title and Motto Text Embossed in Gold, with fine Bromide Pictures in Panel. Monthly Pad with a Text for each month. Corded to hang.

Ro. 253. "Fave Faith in God."
Size 9% by 6%. An Artistic Calendar on new enamel board, with Title and Motto Text. Monthly pad, with a Text for each month.

2 for 25 cents, p.p.



No. 257. "My Remembrancer."

size 10 by 614. Printed on imitation velvet red and green board, with Title and Motio Text embossed. Verse for each Sunday in the month. Also suggestion as to how to commit to memory the Scripture verses.

20 cents each, p.p.

Felt Ladies

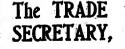
> Dark, trimmed Blue Silk. Size 4, 5, 6 . - - each 2 50

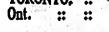
The TRADE

18, Albert St.. TORONTO.











### Holiness.

Tunes.—The Blood That Makes, B.J. 132; Lord Jesus, I Long, 184; Song-Book, No. 427. Lord Jesus, my heart has been hard and unclean,

been hard and unclean,
Its struggles against Thee Thou
often hast seen;
But Thy Blood can cleanse me
entirely, I know,
Lord, wash me, and I shall be

whiter than snow,

Chorus :

Vash me now, wash me now, In the Blood that makes whiter

than snow;
Then sin, doubt, and fear from
my heart shall all go,
When washed in the Blood that
makes whiter than snow.

Lord Jesus, I often have promised

before To serve Thee alone, and to To serve Thee alone, and to grieve Thee no more;
But only from pure hearts can pure service flow,
Lord, wash me, and I shall be whiter than snow.

Tunes.—Speak, Saviour, Speak, 178; Song-Book, No. 431.

Let me hear Thy Voice now speaking,
Let me hear and I'll obey;
While before Thy cross I'm

seeking,
Oh, chase my fears away!
Oh, let the light now falling Reveal my every need; Now hear me while I'm calling, Oh, speak, and I will heed.

Let me hear, and I will follow,
Though the path be strewed
with thorns;
It is joy to share Thy sorrow,
Thou makest calm the storm.
Now my heart Thy temple make

Now my heart Thy temple mak-

ing,
In Thy fullness dwell with me;
Every evil way forsaking,
Thine only I will be.

### Free and Easy.

Tunes.—Under The Army Flag, 282; Song-Book, No. 524. We are Salvation Soldiers of

We are Salvation Soldiers of every class and grade; Whilst fighting for King Jesus we never feel afraid; We fight beneath our Army Flag, and never, near yield— We fight beneath our Army Flag, in the Barracks, street, or

field!

Under The Army Flag we'll fight our way to Glory, Under The Army Flag we'll conquer or we'll die; UnderThe Army Flag we'll tell Salvation's story, And "Victory and Salvation!" shall be our battle-cry.

The world may jeer and scorn us, yet still we onward go;
We never shrink from danger, though Satan is our foe;
We march along in Jesus' name—
Jesus who reigns on high—
And "Victory through His precious Blood!" shall be our hightle-gry. battle-cry.

### Salvation.

Tunes.—Ready to Die, 197; Are You Washed? 207; Song-Book, No. 106.

There is life for a look at the Crucified One;

Salvation Songs THE COMMISSIONER'S

TRANSCONTINENTAL TOUR

THE COMMISSIONER, accompanied by COLONEL and MRS. MAPP, LIEUT. COLONEL PUGMIRE, and MAJOR FINDLAY, will visit.

### ST. JOHN, N.B. March 18th, 19th, and 20th

SATURDAY, MARCH 18th.— Soldiers' Meeting, in the No. I. Citadel, at 8 p.m. SUNDAY, MARCH 19th .-

Public Welcome in the Opera House, at which a large num-ber of representative local people will be present. Salvation Meeting in the Opera House, at 7 p.m. The Mayor will preside on Sunday afternoon.

MONDAY, MARCH 20th.— Welcome Officers' Councils.

### HALIFAX.

TUESDAY, MARCH 21st. (Masonic Hall)—
Welcome Meeting to the Commissioner, at which Judge Langley will preside, and Lieutenant-Governor J. D. McGregor, Esq., Premier Murray, Attorney-General McLean, Judge Towns, and Mayor Chisholm will occupy seats on the platform, at 8

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 22nd,— Welcome Officers' Councils.

### THE COMMISSIONING OF THE

TRAINING HOME CADETS

will take place at

. The TEMPLE, on Monday, MARCH 27th. . .

The STAFF BAND will supply the Music.

The COMMISSIONER will be in command.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

THE COMMISSIONER, accompanied by the CHIEF SECRETARY and others, will

### NEWFOUNDLAND. April Ist to 6th, inclusive.

Full particulars later.

There is life at this moment for thee; hen look, sinner—look unto Him and be saved— Unto Him who was nailed to the tree. Then

Oh, why was He there as the Bearer of sin, If on Jesus thy sins were not laid?

Oh, why from His side flowed the sin-cleansing Blood, If His dying thy debt has not paid?

It is not thy tears of repentance or prayers, But the Blood that atones for

the soul;
On Him, then, who shed it thou
mayest at once
Thy weight of iniquities roll.

### We Miss You.

INFORMATION URGENTLY WANTED Parents, Relatives, and Friends.

an any part of the Giobe, befriend, and, as far as possible, seelet wronged women and children, or anyone in difficulty. Address Lieut.Col. Pugamirs, 20 Albert St., Toronto, marked "Engulry" on envelope. One dollar ahould be sent, if possible, to defray expenses; in case of reproduction of photo, two dollars. Officers, Soldiers, and Friende are requested to assist us by looking regularly through the Milesing Column, and to notify Col. Pugmire, if able to give information concerning any case, always stating name and number of same.

-First Insertion.

First Insertion.

8298. BYARD, HENRY Aged 54, height 5 ft. 4 in., dark complexion, black hair, brown eyes, English, missing ten years, last-known address Soronto, Has peculiar walk. Please communicate with above office.

8224. CRONSHAW or BARRA-CLOUGH, AMELIA. Age 22, rather tall, brown hair, fresh complexion; supposed to have come to Canada in 1896; newswanted.

wanted. 8246. FRASER, JOHN. Age 28, height 5-ft. 6 in., fair com-

### T.H.Q. NOON-DAY KNEE-DRILL

Tues., Mar. 21. Staff-Capt. Morris Fri, Mar 24 Staff-Capt. DesBrisay Tues., Mar. 28. Brig. Morekea Fri., Mar. 31. Staff-Capt. White

COLONEL GASKIN.

LIPPINCOTT, MARCH 19. GALT, MARCH 25 and 26. Mrs. Gaskin will accompany,

LIEUT. - COL. and MRS. TURNER Will visit

HAMILTON IL, APRIL 1 and 2 BRIGADIER POTTER

will visit ST. THOMAS, APRIL 15 and 16.

MAJOR and Mrs. MILLER

will visit
LIPPINCOTT ST., MARCH 36,

**MAJOR SINCO'S** Eastern Tour.

HALIFAX DIVISION-

Thurs., Mar. 16, to 19. Liverpool Mon., Mar. 20, to 23. . . . . Halifax Thurs., Mar 24, to 26. . . . Kentville ST. JOHN DIVISION-

Tues., Mar. 20, to 30...Annapolis Sat., April 1, to 3....Bear River

THE TERRITORIAL STAFF BAND

PORT HOPE.....Mar. 18 and 19 AURORA......April 1 and 2

STAFF-CAPTAIN F. BLOSS will visit

BRANTFORD, MARCH 18 and 19,

ENVOY BREWER BROWN

GUELPH, MARCH 18 and 19. STRATHROY, APRIL 15 and 16.

plexion, brown hair, grey eyes, Scotch, single, missing it months. Last-known address Elk Lake City, Member of International Miners' Union. News wanted. 8314. SUBBOCK, RICHARD. Age 67 or 69, height about 6 ft., probably grey hair, brown eyes, born in Norfolk, England: heen in Canada 38 years. Friends not heard from him for last 17 years; was then forming in the Rockies.

in Canada 38 years. Friends not heard from him for last, 17 years; was then farming in the Rockies. News wanted.

8207. BURNS, JAMES. Age 27, height 6 ft., fair complexion, last heard of two years ago in Vancouver. Father is ill and anxious to hear from him. Kindly comminicate with above office.

8300. STONE, REBECCA EMMA, not been heard of for 25 years, age 49.English; last heard of in Brooklyn, U.S.A.; was then leaving for Canada.

8308. PLATTS, CHAS. HENRY. Age 49, height 5 ft. 7 in., fair hair, sandy complexion, came to Canada October, 1910; wrote from Montreal saying he was going to Edmonton. Alberta. News wanted.

8318. JAACKWELL, LEANORD. Age 47, height 5 ft. 6 in., brown hair, blue eyes, fair complexion, last-known address Poplar Grove, Ont. Missing 12 months.

8318. JAACOSTE (mother and two children, age 12 and 13). Last heard of in Michigan. Supposed to have come to Canada. Eldest child named. Dorie, youngest Bertha. Mother's name, Mary Louise LaCoste; fair complexion, abburn hair, French descent, speaks: very good French and English. The children often appear on the yaudeville stage as character, singers and daneers.



AND OFFI 97th Year.